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AUSTRALIA
1925

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CATALOGUE
OF
Rumsey's
HONEST
SEEDS & PLANTS
& SKINNER IRRIGATION.



HERBERT J. RUMSEY

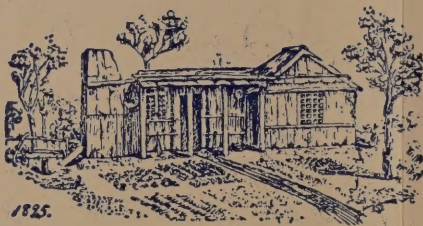
Seed & Plant Merchant,
Adderton Rd, Dundas.

TEL. U 8631

N.S.W.

30th YEAR
of Publication
1925

C. F. M.



1895———1925

Thirty Years

in the

MAIL ORDER

. BUSINESS .

WHEN our small seed business was started in the bush at what was then known as "Barbers Creek," now the celebrated apple growing centre "Tallong," it would have been building castles in the air to have anticipated the extent to which the business has grown. We, however, at the start made "quality and promptness" our watchwords and have endeavoured to keep this ideal always before us. During 1924 we travelled 35,000 miles, right round the world, visiting experiment farms, gardens, orchards and nurseries in every country, Europe, Asia, Africa, America and the Islands of the sea and the result of these visits of inspection will always be at the disposal of our customers and the subscribers of the "Farmer and Settler" Newspaper with which we have so long been associated.

We visited the Great British Empire Exhibition at Wembley and were delighted with the fine show made there in the Australian pavilion as well as that of our sister dominion of New Zealand.

We were pleased with the progress made in the United States and Canada with the Skinner system of Irrigation. It has there, as in Australia, become "standard equipment" for nurseries and vegetable gardens. Even in localities where dry spells are less frequent than with us it is considered as an insurance system which secures a maximum crop every time.

During the very dry time experienced in New South Wales during the early part of the past season, Skinner gardeners made more money than ever before, in many cases, sufficient extra to pay for their whole installation twice over.

The latest addition to our business, that for the sale of spraying materials, has been strengthened by our securing, while in London, the original formula and sole right to manufacture "Blighty" for sale in Australia and New Zealand. We have secured the most up-to-date mixing appliances for this purpose and intend to put this "Honest spray" in its right place as the best for treating seeds, plants and fruits for protection from fungous diseases.

We are rejoicing that our Australian crop of Wheat and Wool is a bumper one and anticipate a prosperous year for all.

Yours faithfully,

HERBERT J. RUMSEY.

From

.....

HERBERT J. RUMSEY

Seed & Plant Merchant

Adderton Road

DUNDAS, N.S.W.

USE "BLIGHTY"

The Spray for Fungus Diseases in Plants

AND

SNUFFOTINE

FOR APHIS

FLOWER SEED ORDER.

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE HERE

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE HERE

We shall be glad if you will write on back the names and addresses of any of your neighbours using seeds to whom we can send a copy of our Catalogue.

ORDER SHEET
1925
Our 30th Year in Business

1925

Our 30th Year in Business

to _____ c/o _____ and address to me in full as _____
 State name of Station, ~~Port~~ Post Town _____ Carrier or Coach if any _____
 under. I enclose \$ _____ in payment.

State if by Rail, Steamer, or Parcel Post

and address to me in full as

State name of Station. ~~Porter~~ Post Town

Carrier or Coach if any

in payment.

Signature _____

Mr., Mrs. or Miss

Address in full

1925

With Post Town and State

VEGETABLE SEED ORDER.

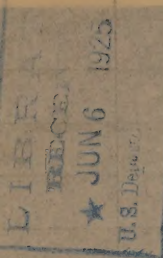
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Please Write Flower Seed and Plant Order on other side.

FLOWER SEED ORDER.

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Or Names of Neighbours for Catalogue.



Telopea, Adderton Road, Dundas, N.S.W.

The Garden and Home Maker OF AUSTRALIA

A New Gardening Journal .. NOW READY.. PRICE SIXPENCE

THIS much needed journal has been specially written for amateur Gardeners, and besides giving the latest and best advice for the beautifying of the garden, will help the housewife in many duties of the home.

The first number contains amongst its articles:

- The Lawn and its Dressings
- Gardening Operations for the Month
- A Chat on Seed Raising
- The Aster as an Annual
- The Vegetable Garden in August

Secure a copy and be prepared for the planting season.

A supply has been ordered and it is advisable to book your copy now to avoid disappointment.

THE GARDEN AND HOME MAKER
of Australia
Arnold Place, Sydney

APPLICATION FORM

Please post me

Date.....

The "GARDEN & HOME MAKER of Australia"

*for 12 months for which I enclose the sum of 6/6

*for 2 years, for which I enclose the sum of 12/-

Name.....

Address.....

*Cross out as desired



HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL

We have made the ordering of seeds and plants as simple as possible by including an order form with each catalogue, more of these can be obtained on application.

The order should first be made out on a rough sheet of paper which may be retained as a copy. From this it should carefully be copied to the order sheet.

The safest and most convenient way to send any amount from sixpence to one pound from any part of Australia is by postal notes.

From New Zealand, Great Britain, and Foreign Countries money orders, obtainable at the post offices, should be sent.

We have no objection to receiving foreign unused stamps for small amounts, but as we can take no risk in the matter they should be registered.

Amounts over one pound may be sent by cheque on any bank in Australia, but the minimum exchange which is sixpence on New South Wales cheques and one shilling on Inter-State should always be added.

SAFETY FIRST

Bank notes or other money sent in letters should not only be registered but the numbers of the notes should be kept for future reference.

The numbers of postal notes should also be taken, as a safety precaution. When the above conditions are complied with we are ready to guarantee safe arrival of money.

If your seed order does not arrive as promptly as usual drop us a line giving date of order and numbers of postal notes with a fresh copy of the order. We will send the seeds along while we make enquiries.

HINTS ON CULTIVATION

We have numerous leaflets on cultivation which we send free with order for the seeds they deal with, but for fullest instruction we would advise our customers to purchase the following books:—"The A.B.C. of Australian Vegetable Growing" Price, 2/1 posted; "The A to Z of Australian Fruitgrowing" Price, 2/1; "The Australian Book of Berries" Price, 1/1; and "The Garden Fair in Australia" Price, 2/1 posted.

To encourage our customers to have the whole set for reference we will supply them for 6/9 post paid or with the Australian story "The Pommies" for 8/6.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—We believe that all Seeds, Bulbs, and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale, but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this, we give no undertaking that such Seeds, Bulbs or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold, and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty, express or implied, as to their growth, description, quality or productiveness, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms they are at once to be returned to us.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

The Garden Fair in Australia

BY HERBERT J. RUMSEY.

This is the latest addition to the Garden Handbooks. It will be found to appeal to every flower and garden lover, dealing as it does with every aspect of the home surroundings. Even the tennis court is not omitted.

Beautifully illustrated.

Price, 2/. Posted, 2/1.

The ABC of Australian Vegetable Growing

BY HERBERT J. RUMSEY.

180 Pages. Over 120 illustrations. PRICE: TWO SHILLINGS.

Posted 2/1. 38th Thousand. Revised and Enlarged.

This book is now admitted to be the standard work on vegetable-growing for Australia. Its sale is steadily increasing. Each new edition is an improvement on the last, new illustrations and new matter being continually added.

The "A to Z" of Australian Fruitgrowing

BY HERBERT J. RUMSEY.

Over 250 Pages. Many Full Page Illustrations.

The aim of the author has been to make this book as helpful to the fruitgrowers as the vegetable book has been to the gardener. It deals with the culture of every variety of fruit suited to Australian conditions from "A to Z," including not only cultivation, but packing, drying, preserving, and bottling. The schedule of insect pests will be found very helpful.

PRICE: TWO SHILLINGS; Posted 2/1.

The Australian Book of Berries

BY HERBERT J. RUMSEY.

The standard work on all small fruit culture, including

STRAWBERRY, LOGANBERRY, RASPBERRY, GOOSEBERRY, CURRANT, &c. 6th Thousand. Revised and Enlarged. Price: ONE SHILLING. Posted, 1/1.

The Pommies, or New Chums in Australia

BY HERBERT J. RUMSEY.

Readers of Mr. Rumsey's books on Agricultural and Horticultural subjects will no doubt be pleased to hear that he has written an interesting story of Australian country life. The book is full of information, and should become very popular. A useful present to send "home."

PRICE: 2/6; Posted, 2/7.

We will send Mr. Rumsey's five books as above.

All post paid, for 8/6, any 4 for 7/-.

GENERAL LIST OF VEGETABLE SEEDS

All Post Free at Prices Quoted

Varieties Printed in **BLACK CAPITALS** are those we specially recommend.

ARTICHOKE

6d. per packet.

Large Green Globe.—The flowers only are used.

ASPARAGUS

6d. per packet;

9d. per oz.

Snowhead—A fine large French variety.

BEEF

1/- per oz.; 6d. pkt.

Columbia.—A fine, early main-crop beet. Turnip rooted, smooth and free from all rootlets.

Crimson Globe.—Sweet and tender.

Dell's Crimson.—A small variety, with rich dark leaves and root, half long.

Extra Early Turnip-rooted.—Best for warm climates.

Egyptian Turnip-rooted.—Good early.

Eclipse.—Early Globe shaped, small top.

LONG SMOOTH BLOOD RED, largest, and best cropper for deep soils.

Wanzleben.—The best variety for sugar extraction.

SILVER OR SPINACH BEET

6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

Swiss Chard.—Broad rib, 6d. pkt.

LUCULLUS.—Large ruffled leaves, broad mid-rib, makes a delicious dish; served like spinach. 6d. pkt.



BROCCOLI

6d. per packet.

Early White.—Nearly like Cauliflower.

Late White.—Extra fine white heads.

Kelway's Prolific.—A fine vegetable for the cooler districts.

BORECOLE OR KALE

1/- per oz; 4 oz. 3/6; 6d. per pkt.

Thousand-Headed.—Winter cattle feed.

Mossback.—Scotch Kale or greens

Marrow Stem.—Used for poultry greens.



SPINACH BEET-LUCULLUS.

BRUSSELS

SPROUTS

6d. per packet.

Kelway's Prolific.—A fine vegetable for the cooler districts.

PERPETUAL GARDENING.

Australia is the best country in the world for vegetable growing; something may be grown every month in the year.



HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

Beans

BUSH FRENCH BEANS

9d. packet; 2/6 lb., post free in N.S.W.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN-POD.—Tender, straight, fleshy pods, two weeks earlier than Canadians, 2/6. Canadian Wonder.—Best market bean.

BUSH BUTTER BEANS

9d. packet; 2/6 per lb., post paid in N.S.W.

GOLDEN WAX.—Stringless, handsome, prolific.

BRITTLE WAX.—The best of all the wax or butter beans, of typical bush growth, with rich green leaves. Beans round and fleshy, stringless and tender. The beans retain their yellow colour when cooked, and are of super-fine flavor.

BUSH LIMA BEANS

9d. per pkt.; 3/6 per lb., post paid N.S.W.

FORDHOOK BUSH.—Beans are rather thicker and larger than any other sort; great croppers.

BROAD BEANS

9d. pkt.; 1/6 lb., post paid in N.S.W.

Early Long Pod.—Best early

Edible Podded.—This is a very useful variety of broad bean, the pod being free of the fibrous cartilage, is tender and of good flavour.

Broad Windsor.—Good cropper.

Leviathan Long Pod.—Large pods.

Sow Broad Beans in Autumn and early winter.

PERENNIAL CLIMBING BEANS

6d. per packet.

Tongan Bean.—Black seeds; runs 20 to 30 feet; broad, tender pods.

Madagascar.—Spotted seeds, as large as Lima Beans; delicious shelled.

It should be understood that these beans are perennial only in a mild climate, such as the N.S.W. coastal districts.

CLIMBING LIMA BEAN

9d. per pkt.; 2/6 per lb., post paid N.S.W.

Burpees Giant Podded.—Early, prolific, handsome, of delicious flavour.

CLIMBING FRENCH BEANS

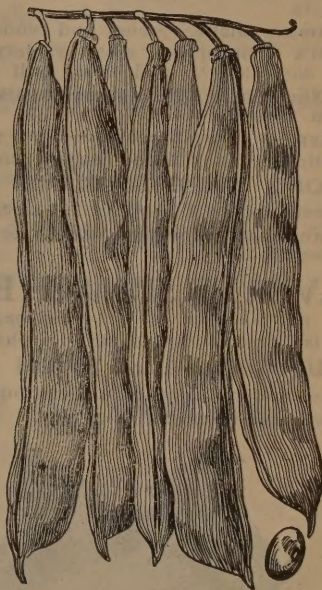
9d. per packet. 1/2 lb. 1/6, post free.

RUMSEY'S GIANT ROUND POD.—

Free-growing, prolific, deliciously flavoured, and tender.

Epicure.—A flat bean, enormous cropper, and delicious cooked.

Climbing Stringless Green-pod.—Like Giant Round-pod, but with white seeds; good for Winter use. Sometimes called white seeded "epicure."



KELWAY'S TREMENDOUS SCARLET RUNNER.—Bears enormous pods, 12 to 18 inches long.

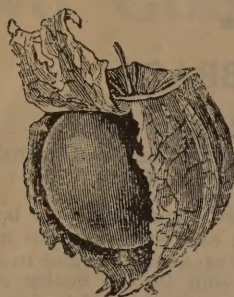
Yard Long.—Fleshy beans, 18 to 20 in. and more in length, 6d.

CLIMBING BUTTER OR WAX BEAN

9d. per packet.

Golden Cluster.—Stringless, seeds white

In ordering Peas, Beans or Sweet Corn by the pound from other States, add 3d. per pound extra postage.



New Cape Gooseberry

GOLDEN NUGGET

GOLDEN NUGGET, as its name implies, is of a beautiful golden yellow colour, in both fruit and husk. The fruit grows to an enormous size, sometimes reaching over two inches in diameter. As a fruit for making pies and jam, it is unsurpassed.

Our Golden Nugget Cape Gooseberry is gaining in popularity every year. For Jam making it has no superior. The enormous fruit making a delicious amber coloured jam, that is unequalled by any other fruit. Some of the jam factories are beginning to realise this, and are placing orders for the fruit, and we believe that before long the big factories will place large orders for this most prolific berry.

The fruit of Golden Nugget is not only large, but the plants are enormously prolific, the low, semi-trailing bushes producing the fruit at every joint along the stem.

Seed for sale at 6d. per pkt; larger trade packets, 2/6.

Other Cape Gooseberries

HUSK TOMATO.—(*Physalis Alkikenge*).—This is an American type,

quite distinct from either the so-called Queensland Cape Gooseberry or Golden Nugget. The berry is small, but very sweet; the flavour is by far the best, and for eating raw, it is unsurpassed. The plant trails on the ground, and is enormously prolific. 6d. per packet.

COMMON CAPE GOOSEBERRY.—(*Physalis Edulis*).—This variety may be sown much later in the season than any other sort, as it is a bi-ennial, and in all but the very cold districts, it lives through the winter, and produces an early crop in the spring. 6d. per packet.

CHINESE LANTERN PLANT.—(*Physalis Franchetti*).—An ornamental variety with beautiful red husks. 6d. per packet. Spot, 6d. packet.

Vine Fruit

Under this heading we are placing several more or less different things that are often grown in the vegetable garden.

Guada "Bean"—This is not a bean, or in any way allied to one—it is more like a cucumber. It does well in the warmer localities, and, with care and protection, even in the cooler parts of this State. The fruit if allowed to hang from a trellis reaches a length of 4 or 5 feet. 1/ per packet.

Solomon Island Gourd—This is still less like a bean than the above; it is a variety of gourd, somewhat like a marrow, and if used while very young is not unlike one. 6d. packet.

Loufa—The fibrous skeleton of this gourd is used as a bath sponge. 6d. pkt.

Mixed Ornamental Gourds—These are in some cases useful as well as ornamental. 6d. packet.

Melon Peach—Not unlike a Rock Melon, may be sliced and fried like Egg Plant, or made into preserves. 6d. packet.

Garden Lemon—Rather smaller than Melon Peach, rather acid, requires no lemon. 6d. packet.

Recipes for preserving the Melon Peach and Garden Lemon free with orders.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

Cabbages.

CABBAGES — Early

Early Jersey Wakefield.—The best small early cabbage for home use. Special Stock strain. 6d packet: 1/6 per oz.

Copenhagen Market.—The earliest flat-headed cabbage, for home or market; quality good, 6d. pkt.; 2/- per oz.;

CABBAGES — Second Early

BURPEE'S ALLHEAD EARLY.—

The best second early if not the best of all cabbages in cultivation, compact and solid. Stands summer heat better than most sorts. Magnificent market cabbage. Packet, 6d.; 2/6 per oz.; 4ozs. for 8/6.

(See Illustration page 7.)

Langport Market.—A very fine, English type of Early Drumhead. Bearing enormous heads on very short stems. Said to be the heaviest yielder of all Drumheads. 2/- per oz.; 4oz. 7/6.

St. John's Day.—A popular home garden sort.

Enfield Market.—A well known and, at one time, a popular cabbage. 1/6 per oz.; 4 oz., 5/-.

CABBAGES—MAIN CROP

6d. or 1/- packets.

SUCCESSION.—The standard Market Gardener's Cabbage. Matures in about 15 weeks. Fine large heads, very uniform, keeps well. 2/6 per oz.

(See Illustration page 7.)

SUREHEAD.—Large round heads, flattened at the top, extra firm, and of good quality; grows very compact; good keeper. 2/6 per oz.

Danish Roundhead.—A solid, keeping-cabbage of fine quality for cold climates; hearts beautifully white. 2/- per oz.

Danish Ballhead.—About two weeks longer in maturing than roundhead, of the same type, but larger. 2/- per oz.

Short-Stem Drumhead.—A fine large cabbage. 1/6 per oz.; 4 oz., 4/-.

Hundredweight Drumhead.—Very large hardy, fair quality. 1/- per oz.

World-Beater or Autumn King.—Very large, stands late summer heat, and matures early winter. 1/6 per oz; 4 oz. 5/6.

Perfection Savoy.—Good for winter growth in the cold districts; much improved by good frosts after maturing. 1/- per oz.

RED CABBAGE

6d. packet;

Negrohead.—Solid, dark red heads, good for pickles, or for cooking.

Cabbage seed should be sown largely in late spring and early autumn in the warmer parts of Australia, and in summer and autumn in the cooler parts. Full information on this subject is published in the "The A.B.C. of Australian Vegetable Growing," by Herbert J. Rumsey; price 2/-, from booksellers and Railway Book stalls, and 2/1 post paid.

CHINESE CABBAGES

6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

Wong Bok—Mild, delicate and delicious. blanches snow-white; used for salad like lettuce, or boiled like cabbage.

Pe Tsai—Largely cultivated in Australia by Chinese gardeners, and fast getting into favour. Used like spinach.



WONG BOK

Two Good Market Cabbages



Henderson's Succession

6d. per packet; 2/6 per oz.; 4ozs. for 8/6.

The Best Second Early CABBAGE

Burpee's "All Head Early" Cabbage

The large heads grow very compactly; free from spreading leaves, and can be planted close. The deep, flat heads are remarkably solid, of good color and shape. As tenderness is the result of rapid growth, it surpasses all others in this respect. It can be planted any time during the year. It will pay market gardeners to sow it largely. One of our customers in Queensland sold nearly £900 worth of cabbage from 6 acres of this variety. **Best Selling Cabbage now grown. Uniform in Size**
It is thoroughbred.

Per pkt., 6d.; 2/6 oz.

4 oz., 8/6 post free.



HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

CAULIFLOWERS.

BEST EARLY CAULIFLOWER

RUMSEY'S ARLINGTON. — This is by far the earliest and best early cauliflower for the grower who is fortunate enough to get seed; it is a money maker all the time. Arlington makes good heads in localities where other cauliflowers fail. The stock seed of Arlington was said to be worth its weight in gold; we can easily realise that, as it seeds so poorly that the big cauliflowers sell for more than the seed they produce.

This year we can only offer seed in small packets, large enough to supply 100 plants.

Arlington Price, 1/- post paid.

EARLY CAULIFLOWERS

EXTRA FINE STRAINS.

BURPEE'S BEST EARLY.—Prior to the advent of Arlington, this cauliflower was the best early one obtainable, and does well in most parts of Australia. It is still a favourite with those who have grown it for many years. Packets, 1/ and 2/6.

GOOD STRAINS.

6d. and 1/- per packet.

The Wonderful.—The best moderate-priced extra early. White compact heads.

White Queen or Early Erfurt.—A very early dwarf; reliable header.

Early London.—Very hardy, quick grower under suitable conditions. 2/6 per oz.

The "Skinner System" is ideal for Cabbages and Cauliflowers.

Cauliflower seed should be sown from December to March in the warmer parts and January, February, August & September in the cooler districts. Manure heavily before planting out; irrigate well or apply water before they get too dry

NEW MID-SEASON CAULIFLOWER

ROCKMOUNT.—This is a very large and hardy mid-season cauliflower, grown by a very successful northern grower. It is described as about a month later than Arlington and usually as reliable in heading.

As this cauliflower has not been tried outside the north-western slopes, we are offering it in small trial packets only for this season.

We hope that cauliflower growers will try it and report results. Price, 1/- per packet.



ARLINGTON

Mid-Season CAULIFLOWER

Gilt Edge.—Handsome variety, large size; stands well. 6d. pkt.; 5/ per oz.

LATE CAULIFLOWERS

Late Metropole.—A very late, large, and very white cauliflower; vigorous and hardy. The head is well protected by the inner leaves. The heads grow to 18 or 20 lbs. in weight. It takes about 7 months to mature after planting out. Packets, 6d. and 1/-; 3/6 per oz.

Velch's Autumn Giant.—The standard of all low-priced cauliflowers takes about 5 months to mature; our strain is noted for its reliability. 6d. & 1/-



FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER

CUCUMBER

6d. per pkt.

FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE, or COMMERCIAL.—A perfectly shaped cucumber of medium length and large diameter, quite smooth, and remaining green after being picked; very productive. 1/3 per oz.

Fordhook Famous—An extra long variety of White Spine; 12 to 17 inches in length.

Giant Pera—Fifteen to 20 inches long, very tender. 2/- per oz.

White Early—A new, long, white cucumber, growing ten to twelve inches long, and three inches in diameter. Pale green while young, turning to a porcelain white. 6d. per packet.

LIVINGSTON'S EMERALD.—A very dark green, long cucumber, holds its colour well. 2/ per oz.

Long Green Prickly.—An old favourite. 1/6 per oz.

APPLE SHAPED.—Quite distinct; best for home use; very prolific, and not indigestible. 2/- per oz.

Livingston's Evergreen—Stands drought well; good cropper. 2/- per oz.

Short Green Prickly—Early and prolific. 2/- per oz.

Fordhook Pickling—Best for pickling whole. 2/- per oz.

AFRICAN HORNED.—Unique, very late, enormously prolific. Fruit while young may be eaten freely as apples; when ripe, with a spoon like passion fruit. 2/- per oz.

Gherkin—A very small type of Cucumber, used only for pickling whole.

CARROTS

6d. packet.

9d. per oz.

Early Shorthorn—Best for shallow ground.

EARLY NANTES.—The best garden carrot, stump rooted.

St. Valery—Long, thin scarlet variety.

Coreless Long Red—12 to 18 in. long.

White Intermediate—Flavour equal to red.

Red Intermediate—Useful all-round variety.

CELERY

6d. pkt.;

WHITE PLUME.—Stalk and heart white.

Fordhook Emperor—A new hardy variety of outstanding merit. Of dwarf type, the stalks smooth and very thick. The colour snow-white, the heart tinged with yellow. Flavour, nutty and crisp. 6d. and 2/6 packets only.

Golden Self-blanching—Attractive waxy golden colour; large crisp and solid. 2/6 per oz.

Golden Rose—Very attractive, with pink line in ribs. 2/6 per oz.

Celeraic—Turnip rooted, used for soups.

CRESS

Triple Curled, or Land Cress—This is used as a salad with mustard. 6d. packet.

Water—Grows well in running water. 6d. packet.

MUSTARD

6d. packet.

This is usually grown with cress.

Fordhook Fancy—The most beautifully curled and crested leaves fine for garnishing.

White—The old English variety; seed used for making the well-known condiment.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

SWEET CORN 6d. per pkt., post paid.

Golden Bantam—Early, deliciously flavoured; prolific; ripe seed is golden yellow.

Early Fordhook—Grain and cob white.

Cosmopolitan—Large handsome ears.

Burbank's Rainbow—The leaves are beautifully striped in crimson, yellow, white, green, rose and bronze. They retain the colour when dried and pressed.

POP CORN 6d. per packet.

Golden Tom Thumb—Only 18 in. high with two or three beautiful little ears. If placed on a pan over the stove will pop and turn inside out, looking like a snowflake, and nearly as light.

White Rice.—A most prolific variety, bearing 3 or 4 little ears to a stalk. The grains are pearly white, pointed, and not unlike rice grains in shape. 6d. packet.

ENDIVE 6d. per packet.

Green Curled.—When well blanched, makes a fine substitute for lettuce.

EGG PLANT 6d. per packet.**NEW YORK IMPROVED LARGE**

PURPLE.—A fine large variety.

Burpee's Black Beauty—Rich purplish black.

KOHL-RABI 6d. per packet.

Large Purple—A fine, tender variety.

HERBS 6d. per packet.

Parsley—Extra dark moss curled.

Sage—Best broad leaved.

Thyme.—Best green leaved.

The following can be supplied in 6d. packets only—Anise, Balm, Basil, Borage, Caraway, Chervil, Coriander, Dill, Horehound, Hyssop, Lavender, Rosemary, Rue and Savory. Plants of Thyme, Parsley, Sage, Marjoram and Mint, 6d. each, post paid.

LEEK

6d. per packet; 1/3 per oz.

MUSSELBURGH. — A well-known, good, and hardy sort.

Kelway's Prodigy.—A favorite for market gardens as well as home use.

LETTUCE

6d. per packet.

WONDERFUL or NEW YORK.—The hardiest and largest of head lettuces; rich dark green; heads stand hot weather. 1s. 6d. per oz.

The Deacon—Large creamy yellow, buttery.

California Cream Butter.—The largest of the butter lettuces.

Brittle Ice—A fine extra crisp variety. quick growth. 1/3 per oz.

Iceberg.—Handsome curly leaves, very solid. 1/- per oz.

Drumhead—The old favourite.

Paris White Cos.—The Cos lettuces are quite distinct; they require tying up to blanch the centre leaves.



WONDERFUL LETTUCE.

ONIONS

6d. per packet.

PRIZETAKER.—A large, handsome yellow globe onion. Best for transplanting. Our most popular sort. 1/6 per oz.

Australian Brown.—An American strain of our Early Brown Globe. A splendid keeping sort. 1/6 per oz.

BROWN SPANISH.—The standard keeping onion. Hard to beat for general market purposes. 1/ per oz.

Brown Globe.—Another good local sort preferred by many as a market keeping onion. 1/- per oz.

Giant Rocca.—A large reddish brown onion; a quick grower for autumn or spring.

Giant White Globe.—Good for bunch onions or for transplanting.

WHITE QUEEN.—A good early white onion, good for home or market. 1/6 per oz.

Silverskin.—The well-known white pickling onion. 1/6 per oz.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE.

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE.—

(See Coloured Plate.)

These are three of the most handsome onions imaginable. They differ only in the color of the skin. The bulbs are all thin necked, perfectly globe shaped, mild flavour, and are excellent keepers. They are very fine market onions. 6d. packet.

RADISHES

6d. per packet.

White Icicle.—Fine long white, maturing 20 to 25 days.

Early Long Scarlet (Short Top).—Early crisp and fine flavour.

White Vienna.—A fine long white variety.

WHITE CHINESE.—For autumn sowing, grows very large. May be cooked as a turnip.

IMPROVED CHARTIERS.—A dainty long red radish, with a white tip.

Half Long Deep Scarlet.—Fine early radish.

White Wonder, or Three Weeks.—Nice size and shape.

Mixed Turnip.—Red, yellow and white.

Mixed Olive Shaped.—Different colours.

Mixed Long.—A good assortment.

Surprise Mixture.—A mixture of all sorts short, long and medium.

PARSNIP

6d. per pkt.; 9d. per oz.

Hollow Crowned.—The standard market variety.

Improved Guernsey.—Rather shorter, but of finer quality.

PEAS

9d. per packet; post paid.

RICHARD SEDDON.—The best main crop pea for market or home use. The heaviest cropper of all peas, 2 ft. high. 2/- per lb., post paid in N.S.W.

10lbs., post paid for 15/-.

Yorkshire Hero.—The standard market variety; hardy, and carries well; next to Richard Seddon as a cropper. 1/6 per lb post paid in N.S.W.

10lbs., post paid for 12/6.

TE AROHA.—A handsome garden variety; large dark green pods, with 8 or 10 peas of exquisite flavour. 2/- lb., post paid in N.S.W.

Lincoln.—

This fine Pea grows 3½ ft. high when staked, but if unstaked in the field, it looks just a little taller than Yorkshire Hero. It is a wonderfully heavy cropper bears pods in pairs profusely instead of only one pod at a joint which is the case with most peas. It is a decidedly earlier Pea than Hero and much better quality and colour. The long slightly curved pods have a fine appearance in the market. 2/- lb post paid.

Greenfeast.—A dwarf, and very handsome market variety. On the markets it has, with Richard Seddon, largely displaced Yorkshire Hero, as it sells at a higher price. As a cropper it is good, nearly as heavy a yielder as Richard Seddon. 2/- per lb., post paid; 10lbs., post paid for 15/-.

Stratagem.—A favourite for garden and market; does well with good care. 1/6 lb. post paid in N.S.W.

American Wonder.—A good, very early sort; 1 ft. high. 2/- lb., N.S.W.

SUGAR PEAS

9d. per packet; 2/6 lb

post free in N.S.W.

Tall.—Requires staking like beans.

Winged Asparagus Pea.—A most prolific Pea, delicious when cooked like beans. When ripe, shelled seeds make a rich vegetable jelly. Small packets, only 6d.

In ordering Peas, Beans, or Sweet Corn by the lb. from other States, add 3d. per lb., extra postage.

PEANUTS

6d. packet; 2/6 lb.; post

paid in N.S.W.

Large Common.—The standard variety; good cropper; hardy.

Mammoth Bush.—Forms a very large bushy plant; hardy; good crops of enormous nuts. Imported seed, 12 in packet.

Small Spanish.—Nuts of very high quality; good cropper.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

EARLY WATERMELONS

6d. per packet.

BABY DELIGHT.—Just big enough for one; 3 to 6 pounds; early, and very good. 1/6 per ounce.

FORDHOOK EARLY.—The very best early market melon; quality good, carries well. Size up to 35lbs. 1/- oz.

Coles Early.—Small early melon, green skin with white stripes.

SHAKER BLUE.—A very large white seeded melon of fine quality, worth placing in any collection; for home or market. 1/6 per oz.

LATE WATERMELONS

6d. per pkt.; 9d. & 1/- per oz.

TOM WATSON.—The best eating market melon. We have, in America, seen truck-loads and train-loads going to distant markets. 1/- oz.; 4 oz. 3/6.

Wonderful Sugar.—Hardy, prolific, good quality, averaging 30 inches.

HALBERT HONEY.—The melon of quality. Delicious, melting; best for home garden.

Kleckley Sweets.—Delicious; another home garden melon.

Sugar Stick.—Almost as good as the two previous melons, but carries better.

Mammoth Ironclad.—Rich, sugary, solid—good for show, very large.

Ice Cream.—The very name is cooling. Large and prolific.

Cuban Queen.—Just melon; very large; carries anywhere.

PRESERVING MELONS

6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

Colorado Citron.—An immense round melon with firm white flesh.

Red Seeded Citron.—Medium size, good quality.

Long Green Pie.—Very prolific.

Jelly Melon.—Cooks to a jelly.

LONG SNOW MELON.—The long snow melon differs only from the variety we have been offering for many years, in that the fruit, instead of being round like a cannon ball, is oblong, attaining a length of fourteen to sixteen inches, with a diameter of four to five inches. The snowy surface on these melons, is really formed of a vegetable wax. Price, 6d. per packet.

ROCK MELONS

1/- per oz.
6d. per packet

GREEN FLESHED VARIETIES.

MATCHLESS.—Oval melons, about 2 lbs. in weight; small seed cavity; firm sugary flesh, thin rind.

Rocky Ford.—Prolific, good for market or home use.

Extra Early Hackensack.—An old favorite, good flavor, hardy and prolific.

SALMON FLESHED VARIETIES.

SPICY CANTELOUPE.—Fine large melons of exquisite flavour; stringless. Prolific and of vigorous growth.

Emerald Gem.—A handsome small melon; carries well; early and prolific.

FORDHOOK.—Rough netted small of good quality.



GOLDEN BEAUTY

CASSABAS OR WINTER MELONS

6d. per packet.
2/- per oz.

Allen's Superb or Winter Pineapple.—Snow white flesh, and a crepy green skin; shaped like a mason's maul.

Golden Beauty.—Fine quality, said to look like a plum pudding tied in a bag; yellow flesh, and of fine flavour.

Honey Dew.—A new Hybrid Cassaba of delicious flavour; fine grained and melting; keeps for months.

The Cassabas differ greatly from the ordinary rock melons. They may be sown late and put on a big crop towards autumn. If picked when just turning, they may be put away in a cool place to keep through the winter.

PUMPKINS AND WINTER SQUASHES

1/- per oz.
6d. per packet;

Ironbark—Very dry, excellent.

Crown.—A standard table variety.

Small Button.—Very good; keeps well.
9d. per oz.



SMALL BUTTON.

TRIANGLE or SHAMROCK.—A very small pumpkin, but the best table pumpkin now grown.

Golden Oblong—A marrow-like pumpkin, very hardy and productive, fifteen to twenty inches in length, and eight to ten inches in diameter. Flesh light golden yellow, fine quality.

Small Sugar—The earliest of all pumpkins, ready three months from seed.

Turk's Cap—A red skinned variety of good quality.

HUBBARD SQUASH.—Equal in quality to ironbark pumpkin.

Red or Golden Hubbard.—Very good.

Warted Hubbard.—Equal if not superior to original Hubbard.

Gramma, or Rio.—Fine for pies and preserves.

Delicata.—One of the earliest and best; outside colour green, keeps well, and improves as it ripens.

Japanese Pie.—Similar to the above; very solid.

Jonathon.—A fine crooked necked variety with hard creamy white shell. Fruit 2 feet long, with solid meaty neck.

LARGE PUMPKINS

6d. packet; 1/- per oz.

Globe Mammoth.—Fine for show; very large.

Mammoth Bronze.—Solid, productive, and of good quality.

Mammoth Whale.—A fair whopper; flesh firm.

SUMMER SQUASHES OR VEGETABLE MARROWS

6d. packet; 9d. and 1/- per oz.

FORDHOOK.—If gathered while still immature, no marrow or squash can approach this for delicious flavour; very prolific.

Bush Fordhook—A bush form of the above. 1/- per oz.

Long White (Trailing)—A fine variety tender. 9d. per oz.

Long White (Bush).—Very prolific. 9d.

Long Green (Trailing)—Tender and prolific.

ITALIAN GREEN STRIPED (Bush).—Very prolific, and one of the best of marrows.

Long Yellow (Trailing)—Good cropper.

GOLDEN CUSTARD (Bush).—

Small flat marrows in profusion.

Mammoth White Scalloped (Bush).—Very tender.

PEPPERS

6d. per packet.

Fancy Wrinkled—Mixed colours; makes delicious chilli wine. Recipe with each packet.

Chinese Giant—As big as a quart pot; very mild; delicious stuffed.

Birdseye—Small, intensely hot; good for pickles and sauces.

Long Red Cayenne.—Hot and pungent.

Ruby King—Sweet and mild.

Golden Queen—Large, sweet, yellow.

MUSHROOM SPAWN

Large Bricks of Mushroom Spawn, 1s. each. Postage 1s. extra.

These may be planted in the open garden in autumn and winter, or at any time in a cave or dark place where the temperature ranges between 50 and 60 degrees. See "A.B.C. of Australian Vegetable Growing," price 2/, for full cultural directions.

Extra Early Tomatoes

The extra early tomatoes of the cluster fruiting type are a fair marketable size, though not large. They are hardy, and peculiarly free from blight. If larger fruits are required the bunch should be thinned.

Helvetia—A wonderfully fine local seedling, said to be a cross between Earliana and a tomato of the cluster type. The plant is very vigorous, and produces immense bunches of fair-sized fruit at every joint. Helvetia has so far proved the most resistant to blights of any market variety we have grown. Packets only. 6d. and 2/6; 6/- per oz.

Walker's Selected Recruit.—This tomato is of a similar type to the above. It is a large fruiting prolific sport from an English tomato, known as the Recruit. This tomato is of Tasmanian origin. 6d. per packet; 3/6 per oz.

Victoria Whole Salad — This is an American attempt to get the small tomato with the quality of the large one. As many as 373 tomatoes have been counted on one plant at a time. The size is from two to two and a-half inches in diameter, and the weight up to three to four ounces each. They are unique in the fact that the skin peels freely from the fruit, even without dipping in hot water. The flavour is particularly good. 6d. per pkt.; 5/- per oz.

Commercial—This variety was specially selected by Mr. Rumsey when he was in America in 1915, with a view of getting a blight-proof tomato of commercial size. The variety has proved very popular, and is being largely grown for early and late markets. 6d. per pkt., 3/- per oz.

New Tomatoes

San Jose Canner—A. super-selected strain. Bred for smoothness, weight solid flesh, and brilliant scarlet fruits. Tomato growers should try this, this year. Seed specially grown by our Californian grower. 1/- per packet.

Norton—This tomato is causing a lot of attention in America on account of its wilt-resisting qualities. It is a variety very similar to "Livingston's Stone" tomato that has been greatly in favour amongst our customers. 1/- per packet.

Burbank.—Luther Burbank, the originator of this tomato gives the following description.

The earliest, smoothest, largest and most productive of all early tomatoes. It is of a bright red, the flesh being firm and of superior quality. The plants resist disease in an unusual manner and unlike most early varieties it produces heavily all summer. A fine home or market tomato, good keeper, -/6 per packet.

EARLY TOMATOES

6d. and 1/- per packet.

EARLY PRIDE.—A pink Earliana, but better than any Earliana, more prolific, better fruit, more even in shape and size. Three-quarters of an acre yielded 7 tons, and sold for £180 at Inverell. 2/6 per oz. 4oz. 9/6.

Bonny Best.—An early smooth scarlet tomato of good size, solid, meaty, and of flavour. A good cropper. It has been described as an extra fine strain of Chalk's Early Jewel. 2/6 per oz.

Early Acme—A good type of early pink tomato. 2/- per oz.

Atlantic Prize—A favourite early market sort. 2/- per oz.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL.—One of the best acquisitions of recent years. Fruit, red, meaty. Very good cropper. 2/6 per oz., 4oz. 9/6.

SUNNYBROOK EARLIANA. — A special strain of this favourite tomato, much better than the ordinary; extremely early, large, smooth, and regular; cropping in bunches. 3/6 per oz.

Earliana—A very productive, even-shaped red variety. 2/6 per oz.; 4oz. 9/6.

Carter's Sunrise—Good, smooth, medium size, few seeds. 4/- per oz.

SECOND EARLY TOMATOES

Packets at
6d. and 1/-

Burwood Prize—Our specially selected strain of this tomato is very fine, yielding fine fruit very free from blight. The potato leaved foliage makes it very handsome as a plant. 2/6 per oz.; 4oz., 9/6.

LIVINGSTON'S CORELESS.—About the finest flavoured dessert tomato. Good for slicing; very solid; good market sort. 3/- oz.

Livingston's Manifold—This is the latest arrival of the Livingston introductions; it is said to be the earliest of the big red sorts, and is red both inside and out, red to the very core. It ripens five or more to the cluster. 1/- and 2/6 per packet; 5/- per oz.

Fordhook First—Large round, deep purple; does well on heavy soils. 2/6 per oz.

Livingston's Beauty — Large, solid, smooth purplish pink. 2/6 per oz.

LATE TOMATOES

Packets 6d. and 1/-.

BURPEE'S MATCHLESS.—This is a magnificent variety, and hard to beat for main crop. It is a strong, vigorous grower, producing large crops of very handsome, rich cardinal red fruits. The fruits are firm, and carry and keep well. If pulled while still green, except for a slight tint at the blossom, they will ripen up while on the way to market, and reach there with beautiful even colour all over. In size they leave nothing to be desired, frequently reaching 12 to 18 ounces in weight. 2/6 per oz.

Ponderosa.—This tomato may be relied upon to give some enormous specimens, probably the largest of any sort, but it is hardly to be classed as a reliable market sort. 2/6 per oz.

LIVINGSTON'S STONE. — The standard late sort for canning and jam factories. Immense cropper, fine flavoured, bright red, perfectly smooth. 2/6 per oz.

Dwarf Stone.—A bush type of the above well-known tomato.

Honor Bright.—Quite unique; distinct in fruit and foliage. The fruit is first a light green, then an attractive waxy white, then lemon-yellow, changing finally to a rich red. When in the white stage they make wonderfully attractive transparent preserves. Carries better than any other sort. 3/- per oz.

TRUCKER'S FAVOURITE. — Fine large, purplish-red, best for northern climates. 2/6 per oz.

Burpee's Dwarf Giant.—A dwarf ponderosa, fruit large and meaty; rich purplish crimson. 3/- per oz.

Buckeye State.—The largest perfectly smooth tomato; fruit forms and ripens in large bunches; skin tender, making it liable to crack with changes of weather. 3/- per oz.

IGNOTUM.—We have again secured seed of this variety, which was almost obsolete. Its attractiveness and good quality can be vouched for by the fact that a client of ours took nearly 20 prizes at the South Coast Shows in one season about 18 years ago, with the 'notums. 3/- per oz.

Marvel.—A flattish scarlet tomato, growing up to four inches in diameter. A vigorous plant with great bunches of fruit which do not split easily. A handsome market sort, very blight resistant; 3/-

Livingston's Globe.—Of distinct Globe shape, and occasionally slightly elongated. A beautiful early purple variety, fine for slicing, smooth, firm, and ripens evenly. Very productive, and is said to be more resistant to blight than any other variety. The fruits are of good marketable size, and retain their size well into the season. 3/- per oz.

TOMATO
MATCHLESS



TOMATOES 6d. per packet. SMALL FRUITED

King Humbert.—Immense bunches of prune-shaped fruit; blight proof.

Yellow Pear.—Good for preserving whole.

YELLOW TOMATOES

6d. per packet.

LIVINGSTON'S GOLDEN QUEEN.—This is a fine, large, smooth variety, of a bright yellow colour, and fine flavour. 3/- per oz.

Yellow Ponderosa.—A large yellow tomato, of the Ponderosa type, having a very meaty fruit.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

WHITE TURNIPS, 6d. pkt.**WHITE STONE.**—Good early sort.

White Nepaul—Early, flat-shaped.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE MODEL.—
Small tops, a perfect gem. 1/- per oz.

Jersey Lily, or Snowball. — Perfectly round, snow-white, and very early.

ORANGE JELLY.—The best of all this class of turnip, flesh yellow, and not strong flavoured.

Grey Stone—This is the best of the field turnips.

ROSELLA

The Rosella is a hot climate plant, much more tender than the tomato, and requires about four months' hot weather to mature. The beautiful red seed bracts are used for making jelly and summer drinks. 6d. packet.

THE VEGETABLE GARDEN
In a Nutshell.

Dig Deeply.

Fertilise Fully.

Plant Perfectly

Weed Warily.

Water Wisely.

Cultivate Cannily.

Harvest Happily.

RHUBARB 6d. packet.

Sydney Winter—The wonderful winter growing rhubarb, treated as an annual, sown in February or March, yields all winter in coastal districts, and very early spring in colder parts.

Victoria—The large standard summer rhubarb.

SPINACH 3d. per packet.

Round Seeded—For Spring planting.

Prickly Seeded—For Autumn planting.

New Zealand or Sydney Harbour—
Large leafed; hardy.

SWEDE TURNIPS

6d. per pkt.; 9d. per oz.

Lalng's Garden Swede—Best and sweetest for home use.

DANISH BANGHOLM.—The best flavoured and most nutritious of the swedes. Purple top.

Imperial Purple Top.—Large size, and good quality.

CHAMPION PURPLE TOP.—Yellow flesh, first class quality.

Elephant, or Monarch — Very large; heavy cropper.

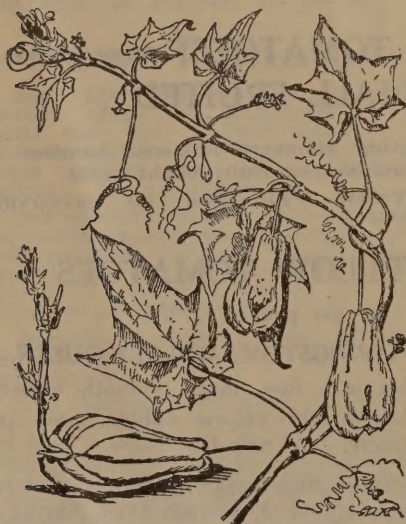
Kelway's Perfect Model.—A very fine English variety of Swede turnip, good for table or stock use, very tender.

THE CHOKO.

A climbing vine of the cucumber family, doing well in the warmer districts. The fruit is somewhat like a rough lemon. It can be used boiled or baked as a vegetable, or with fruit flavouring for jam or tarts. We had over 300 fruits from one plant in one season.

The plants die down in winter and shoot again from the roots in early spring, lasting in this way for several years. The whole fruit must be sown to get a plant. Ready MAY to AUGUST.

Price 1s. each, post paid.

ORDER EARLY.



THE TARO

The Taro is the main food plant of the Pacific Islanders. It takes the same place in the dietary of these people as the potato does with us. It is an edible variety of *Caladium*. Tubers, stems, and leaves are all used, though the latter are very nauseous raw.

The roots should be put out in the most moist place available. In Honolulu the Taro is grown on the banks of the aquatic gardens.

Taro does well under irrigation, and heavy crops can be obtained in that way. Clumps of tubers may be divided up, and planted out singly. Tubers 1/- each, post paid, 3 for 2/-.

TEPARIES

(The new-Old Vegetable).

The Tepary Plant is somewhat similar to the Bush Bean, but has more pods. Though very small, it is very prolific, as many as 200 pods being produced on a plant when the conditions were too poor for a crop of ordinary beans.

The seed is shelled when ripe and is delicious as a "haricot." It cooks in less time than most beans, and requires no soaking to prepare.

Seeds, 6d. per packet, post paid.

PASSION FRUIT.

We have a very fine assortment of this popular vine fruit, and can supply well-grown plants practically all the year round. February and August are the two best months to plant out passion vines.

Banana Passion (*Tacsonia molliissima*)

—This prolific variety is becoming very popular. It is largely used in making fruit salads. The vine grows very freely, and produces large numbers of very beautiful pink and white flowers, with long tubes, and slender stalks, followed by creamy white and elongated fruit. The banana is rather more hardy than the ordinary passion, and will crop well in localities too cold for the ordinary sort.

The Banana Passion vine does best where it gets the opportunity to climb on a high trellis, or over a tall tree.

Price, 1/- each, posted, 1/6; three for 3/6 post paid.

Improved Banana Passion.—The ordinary banana passion fruit is very hardy, and will succeed in many places too cool for the common passion, but we have discovered a species not only hardier but bearing immense crops of larger fruit.

We shall have a limited number of plants available of the Improved Banana Passion at 2/6 each, post paid.

Mammoth Passion—We introduced this variety from South Australia several years ago. With us it has proved very prolific, producing a large crop of very handsome fruit, averaging over 3 inches in length, and proportionate width. The size of the fruit would be more than double that of the ordinary passion.

Price 1/6 each, post paid 2/-; three for 5/-; 12/6 per dozen.

Common Passion—Our strain of Common Passion fruit (*Passiflora edulis*) is a particularly good one. The seed has been saved from the winter fruit of a good winter cropping strain. We have sold thousands of plants to large growers, and they have proved to be good money-makers.

Plants 9d. each, post paid 1/3; three for 2/9; 9/- per dozen. Special quotes per hundred and thousand.

Market Gardeners' Price List

	Post Paid	Per oz.	¼-lb.	Per lb.
ARTICHOKE —Globe		2/0	—	—
ASPARAGUS —Varieties		9d.	2/6	9/0
BROAD BEANS —				
Leviathan Long Pod	—	—	—	1/6
Broad Windsor & Early Long Pod ..			Bushel Prices	1/6
FRENCH BEANS			on application	
Canadian Wonder	—	—	—	1/6
Stringless Green Pod	—	—	—	2/6
BUTTER BEANS —				
Brittle Wax	—	—	—	2/6
BEANS, CLIMBING —				
Climbing, Stringless Greenpod	—	—	—	2/6
Golden Cluster, Climbing Wax	—	—	—	2/6
LIMA BEANS —				
Fordhook Bush or Dwarf	—	—	—	3/6
King of the Garden (Tall)	—	—	—	3/6
BEETROOT AND SILVER BEET —				
Egyptian Turnip-rooted	9d.	—	1/9	5/0
Improved Blood Turnip-rooted	1/0	—	3/0	9/0
Dell's Crimson	1/0	—	2/6	7/6
Crimson Globe	9d.	—	1/9	5/0
Columbia	1/0	—	3/0	9/0
Long Blood Red	9d.	—	1/9	5/0
Silver or Spinach Beet	—	—	1/6	4/6
Lucullus	1/0	—	—	—
BROCCOLI —Early and Late White	2/0	—	6/0	—
CABBAGE —				
Allhead Early (American)	2/6	—	8/6	25/0
Copenhagen Market	2/0	—	6/6	20/0
Succession, American grown	2/6	—	8/6	25/0
St. John's Day Improved ..	1/3	—	3/6	10/0
Early Drumhead	1/6	—	4/0	12/6
Large Drumhead	1/6	—	4/6	12/6
Langport Market	2/6	—	7/6	—
Red Dutch or Pickling	1/6	—	5/0	12/6
Savoy Drumhead	1/0	—	3/0	10/0
Surehead	2/6	—	8/6	25/0
CARROT —Improved Intermediate	9d.	—	1/9	5/0
Early Short Horn	9d.	—	1/9	5/0
Early Nantes	9d.	—	1/9	5/0
Other varieties	9d.	—	1/9	5/0
CAULIFLOWER ,				
Veitch's Autumn Giant, Early London	2/6	—	7/6	22/6
White Queen	5/0	—	17/6	—
CUCUMBER —White Apple-shaped	2/0	—	7/6	—
Fordhook White Spine	1/3	—	3/6	10/0
Gherkin	3/0	—	—	—
Other varieties	1/6	—	4/6	10/0
CORN, SWEET (American)	—	—	1/6	4/6
CELERY —Golden Self Blanching Varieties	2/6	—	7/6	—
KOHI, RABI —Varieties	1/0	—	3/0	—

Market Gardeners' Price List—Continued

	Post Paid	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ -lb.	Per lb.
LETTUCE —Wonderful	1/6	..	4/0	12/6
Iceburg	1/0	..	3/0	8/6
Brittle Ice Other Varieties	1/3	..	3/6	10/0
LEEK —Varieties	1/3	..	3/6	10/6
MELON, CASSABA Varieties	1/6	..	4/6	12/6
MELON, ROCK —Varieties	1/0	..	3/0	9/0
MELON, WATER —Varieties	9d.	..	2/0	6/0
Tom Watson	9d.	..	2/0	6/0
Halbert Honey	9d.	..	2/0	6/0
Hungarian Honey, Shaker Bloe	1/6	..	4/0	12/6
MELON, PRESERVING —Varieties	9d.	..	1/9	5/0
ONION —Prizetaker	1/6	..	5/0	15/0
Selected Brown Spanish	9d.	..	1/6	7/6
Australian Brown	1/6	..	5/0	12/6
Giant Rocca	1/6	..	4/6	12/6
Mammoth Silver King	1/6	..	4/6	12/6
Silverskin, White Queen, Pickling ..	1/6	..	4/0	12/6
Southport	1/6	..	8/0	16/0
PARSNIP —Hollow Crown	9d.	..	2/0	5/6
PARSLEY —Triple Curled	9d.	..	1/6	3/6
PEAS —Richard Seddon	—	..	—	1/9
Yorkshire Hero and Stratagem	—	..	—	1/9
Te Aroha	—	..	—	1/9
Greenfeast	—	..	—	1/9
Other varieties	—	..	—	1/9
SUGAR PEAS —In packets only	—	..	—	—
PUMPKIN —Shamrock or Triangle	1/3	..	3/6	9/6
Ironbark Crown and Button	1/3	..	3/6	9/6
Gamma	1/1	..	2/6	7/6
RADISH —White Chinese	9d.	..	1/6	3/6
Other varieties	9d.	..	1/6	3/6
RHUBARB —Sydney Winter	1/6	..	5/0	15/0
Varieties	1/6	..	5/0	15/0
SQUASH —Varieties	1/3	..	3/6	10/0
SWEDE —Imperial Purple Top, etc.	6d.	..	1/0	3/0
Laing's Garden	9d.	..	1/3	4/0
Danish Bangholm	1/0	..	2/6	7/6
THYME, SAGE, MARJORAM	2/0	..	—	—
TURNIP —White Stone or Snowball	6d.	..	1/6	3/0
Orange Jelly Golden Ball, Jersey Lily	6d.	..	1/6	3/0
Ex. Early White Model. White Nepaul	6d.	..	1/6	3/0
TOMATO —				
Commercial	3/0	..	—	—
Helvetia	6/0	..	20/0	—
Early Pride	2/6	..	10/6	35/0
Earliana (Sunnybrook)	3/6	..	15/0	40/0
Spark's Earliana	2/6	..	9/0	27/6
Livingston's Globe	3/0	..	12/6	27/6
Livingston's Stone	2/6	..	9/0	27/6
Burpee's Matchless	2/6	..	9/0	27/6
Burwood Prize	2/6	..	9/6	27/6
Walker's Selected Recruit	3/6	..	12/0	37/6
VEGETABLE MARROW —Varieties	9d.	..	2/3	6/6
Rice Marrow	1/6	..	4/0	12/6

Vegetable Plants and Roots

It is always safest and best to grow vegetable garden seedlings on the spot, so that they may be transplanted in suitable weather without risk. However, for the convenience of those customers who have not suitable conditions for raising their own seedlings, we try to keep a stock of the most popular varieties ready to send out by mail or rail. We pack these as carefully as possible, so that in most cases, they arrive in good order. If, however, from delays in the mail, rough handling, or any other cause, they are not delivered in good order, we take no responsibility, and cannot undertake to refill orders without charge.

All prices on this page are post extra, unless otherwise stated.

ARTICHOKES—Jerusalem (May to August), 3d. lb.

ASPARAGUS (2-year plants).—7/6 per 100 June, July, August, 25 for 2/6. Seedlings, 5/- per 100.

BEET.—(Jan to Aug.) 6d. doz., 2/6 100. Turnip Rooted, Spinach Beet.

CABBAGE — (January to December). Varieties in season, 2/- per 100. Copenhagen Market. Allhead Early. Succession. Drumhead. Surehead. Mixed (Early and late).

RED CABBAGE—2/- per 100.

The postage in N.S.W. on Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli, Lettuce, and such plants costs about 9d. per 100; 200 1/-; if that amount is allowed, we will add or deduct plants to correspond.

CAPE GOOSEBERRY—(October to Jan.) Edullis (Common). Alkekengi (trailing), 9d. per doz., Golden Nugget, 1/- per doz. postage 3d. extra.

CAULIFLOWER—(Dec. or Jan. to May). 2/- per 100. Autumn Giant, Early London.

CELERY—(Oct to Jan.) Good sorts, 2/- per 100.

CHOKOS—(June to August). 1/- each, post paid.

ESCHALLOTS—During winter and spring 9d. lb. Postage, 1lb 6d; 2lb 9d extra.

HERBS—Majoram, Thyme, Sage, & Mint. 3d. per clump, 2/6 per doz. Postage 3d each, 9d dozen extra.

HORSE RADISH.—6d. each; 4/6 per doz. Postage 3d. each, 9d. doz., extra.

LETTUCE—(Jan. to Dec.), Drumhead, Wonderful, Iceberg. 2/- 100, post paid

ONIONS—Brown Spanish, 1/6 per 100. Prizetaker, 1/6 per 100. White Onions, 1/6 per 100. Southport Globe, 1/6 per 100. (Special quote for thousand lots.)

PARSLEY.—1/- per doz.; postage, 3d. doz

SWEET POTATOES.—1/- doz., 7/6 per 100, post extra. Postage, 3d. dozen. These may be planted in moist ground or holes filled with water any time up to January in the warmer parts. Hardy plants available November to January. Forced plants October.

WINTER RHUBARB—Seedlings for the new Rhubarb culture are available from March to June. Seedlings, 1/- per doz., 1/6 post paid. Large roots, 4/-, to 6/- doz.

SUMMER RHUBARB—The large roots of this are obtainable all the year round, but are best planted from May to November. Roots 6d. each, postage in New South Wales, 2/6 doz. extra. Seedlings (May to August), 1/- doz., posted, 1/6.

TOMATO.—6/- 100, 1/- dozen. Postage 3d per dozen; 1s. per 100 extra. (Jan. to March and July to December). First Early Sorts, Aug and Sept., Feb. to April.

Early Sorts, Aug. to Oct., Feb to Mch.

Second Early Sorts, Sept. and Oct., Feb. and March.

Late varieties, Sept. to February.

The extra early Tomatoes mature in 90 days from planting; early sorts, 100 days; second early, 125 days; late take 150 days

We usually have plants in season of Walker's Recruit, Early Pride, Chalk's Early Jewell, Earliana, Livingstone's Coreless, Burwood Prize, Dwarf Stone, Golden Queen, and Matchless.

TOMATO PLANTS.

Tomato plants are tender, and only carry safely by post when outdoor grown, and very hardy. We prefer not to send any out before the middle of September. Clients ordering to be sent before that time take extra risks of plants arriving in poor condition.

Flower Seeds

H.A.—Hardy Annual; sow February to April, and August to October.

H.P.—Hardy Perennial; sow March to May, and September to November.

T.A.—Tender Annual; sow September and October, and later in warm climate.

H.B.—Hardy Biennial. sow March to May, and September and October.

ABRONIA, H.P. (Trailer). 6d.

Verbena like flowers, sweet scented.

ACROLINIUM, H.A. (Everlasting). 3d.

Double—Dwarf, mixed colours.

White.—Useful for wreaths.

AGERATUM, H.P. (Border Plant). 6d.

Mexicanum—Lavender blue; height, 18in.

Tom Thumb—Dwarf mixed; 10in.

ALYSSUM, H.A. (Sweet Alice). 3d.

Little Gem—Bedding Plant, white fragrant.

Compact Yellow—Fine for edging.

AMARANTHUS, T.A. (Foliage Plant).

Tricolour (Joseph's Coat)—Yellow, red, and green. 3d.

Coleus Leaved—Very brilliant colors. 6d.

AMMOBIUM, H.P. (Everlasting). 6d.

Alatum—Large white flowers.

ANEMONE, H.P. (Windflower). 6d.

Coronaria—Well-known spring bulb.

St. Bridgid—The Irish Poppy Anemone. 6d. and 1/-.

AQUILEGIA, H.P. (Columbine).

Long-spurred Hybrids—Wonderful profusion of colours from blue to chocolate, pink and scarlet. 6d. per packet.

California Hybrids—Strong, free-flowing mixture. 3d. packet.

ARCTOTIS, H.A. (Blue-eyed Daisy). 6d.

Grandis—White, centre blue, bud lilac--blue.

BALSAM, T.A. (Ladies' Slipper).

Defiance—The finest strain of large double flowers. 1/-.

Cammellia Flowered—Large size and fine form. 3d.

BARTONIA, H.A. (Garden Shrub). 3d.

Aurea—Thistle-like downy leaves, yellow flowers.

BORONIA, H.P. (Scented). 1s.

Megastigma — A Western Australian flower with brown and yellow cup-like flowers.

BRACHYCOMBE, H.A. (Swan River Daisy).

Mixed—Blue and white flowers, suitable for cutting. 6d.

CALENDULA, H.A. (English Marigold). 3d.

Double Mixed—Golden striped flowers.

Trilanon (Royal Marigold).—Free-flowing, erect plants.

CALLIOPSIS, H.A. (Coreopsis). 3d.

Dwarf Compact—10 to 12 inches high.

Drummond (Golden Wave). — Dark brown centre.

Coronata—Bright yellow, maroon spots.

COPY

51 Retief St.,
Maritzburg, Natal,
South Africa,

H. J. Rumsey, Sept. 10th, 1923.
Dundas, N.S.W.

Dear Sir,

After all the care you took with my order for strawberry plants you will be delighted to hear that they arrived in excellent condition, in fact I don't think they could have been better.

Some of the plants had blooms on them and they all certainly looked as if they had only been taken out of the ground to be sent away.

I have had them now 7 days and they all look exceedingly fine, although we have had no rain for months, and things are all drying up for want of water. As soon as they arrived I placed them in lukewarm water and allowed to soak about half-an-hour before planting out. As the weather was exceptionally hot and windy I covered the bed with hessian and still have them shaded until a likelihood of rain. I am quite confident that I will not lose one plant.

It is awfully encouraging when one gets plants in this condition and am pleased to let you hear how grateful I am for all your trouble, etc., in executing a small order with such promptness and care.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

(signed) A. F. Ashton.

ASTERS AND ANTIRRHINUMS

The Cut Flower Plants

ASTERS, H.A.

COLOURED PLATE COLLECTION.

AMERICAN ASTERS—

This comprises all the latest American types of Aster, and the best of each type.

King White—Flowers of large size and great substance, long narrow folded petals, long stems. 6d. packet.

Daybreak Bluebird—Flower about two and a half inches in diameter, ball-like in form, and with incurved petals. The plants grow to a height of eighteen inches. 6d. packet.

Crego Shell Pink—The most beautiful of the newer types of American branching Asters. Flowers of immense size, from four to five inches in diameter, and stems up to a foot in length; lasting well when cut. The petals are beautifully curled and twisted like *Chrysanthemums*. The plants are vigorous, growing to a height of two to two and a half feet. 6d. packet.

Pink American Beauty—A new type of Aster, with flowers growing on long and strong stems, sometimes measuring up to two feet. The colour is a bright carmine-rose. 9d. packet.

Purple Beauty—A new color of the American Beauty type, with flowers of four to five inches in diameter, each plant forming a perfect bush. 9d. packet.

The collection of American Asters, five packets post paid for 2/6.

In addition to the five American Asters illustrated on the cover of this catalogue we have two more, **Lavender Beauty**, like **Irish Beauty**, in form and growth and **Violet King** the largest of the "King" Aster. The price of these is 9d. per packet but added to the colored plate collection we will send the seven varieties for 3s. 6d. post paid.

Fordhook Favourite—The finest American mixture, including *Semples Branching*, Japanese, and other choice strains. 1/-.

Giant Comet—Feathery flowers, a fine variety of colour. 6d.

Tasmanian Branching—A very fine collection, embracing *heliotrope*, purple, bright pink, light pink, and white. The Tasmanian seed germinates freely, and grows vigorously. Separate or mixed. 6d.

Single Mixed—The value of the single asters for cut flower work is just beginning to be recognised. No gardener should be without a bed of these. 6d. packet.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon).

Half Dwarf Fancy Mixed—This collection includes beautiful rich scarlet, fiery vermillion, rich rose, soft pink, salmon, buff, yellow, golden chamois, and others, flowering profusely. 1/- packet.



HALF DWARF FANCY MIXED.

Splashed and Striped—Pleasing Collection. 6d.

Kelway's Up-to-Date—A new strain of intermediate snapdragon of uniform height and habit of growth. The range of colours is very varied, and the blossoms very fine for cut flower work. 6d. per packet.

Dwarf Mixed—Compact habit, brilliant flowers, 3d.

CAMPANULA, H.B. (Canterbury Bells).

Single Mixed—Various colours; free bloomers. 3d.

Double Mixed—Very showy. 6d.

Calycanthema—Cup and Saucer. Mixed colours. 6d.

CANDYTUFT, H.A.

Giant Hyacinth Flowered—Magnificent spikes of pure white flowers. 6d.

Large Flowered Dwarf Hybrids.—Form a rounded bush with white, crimson, brick rose, lilac and white, shaded with rose. 6d.

Good Mixed.—A fine assortment. 3d.

CANNA, Herb, P. (Indian Shot). 6d.

Crozy's Dwarf.—Handsome ornamental foliage plants.

CARNATIONS, H.P. (Marguerite).

The Marguerite Carnations are the most satisfactory variety to grow from seed; they flower in from three to four months and quite a large percentage are double.

Choicest Mixed—A very fine strain of American seed. 9d.

Giant Fancy—A French strain of this delightful flower. 6d.

Good Mixed—A fine selection. 3d.

CENTAUREA, H.A.

Imperialis.—Beautiful for cut flowers; plants three feet high. Graceful and beautiful. Fine mixture. 6d.

Americana.—Unique, thistle-like flowers, light lilac colour; very desirable for table decorations. 6d.

Sauvolens.—Brush-like, large yellow flowers. 6d.

Cyanus (Cornflower)—Choice mixed. 3d

Marguerite.—Double white, deliciously scented. 3d.

CELOSIA, T.A. (Cockscomb). 6d.

Dwarf Mixed—Immense velvety heads.

CELOSIA, T.A. (Plumed). 6d.

Magnificent—Each branch or stem of this beautiful shrub is tipped with a pointed head of richly coloured bloom which later develops into a loose, plummy head of the most brilliant colour; shades of orange and yellow, pink, scarlet, and crimson.

Magnifica Cristata.—A combination of ostrich plumes and cockscomb very suitable for borders. 6d.

Feathered Varieties, Mixed—A fine collection. 6d.

Plumosa, or Chinese Woolflower.—We first saw this quaint new celosia at Floral Park, near New York, and greatly admired the beautiful ball-like heads of flower produced in profusion every tip of every plant. The colour is a rich crimson. 6d.

CHRYSANTHEMUM. (Annuals and Perennials).

Inodorum—Double white flowers; fine for cutting. 6d.

Tricolour, Annual — Single "Painted Daisies." 3d.

Coronarum—Double mixed annuals various colours. 6d.

CINERARIA.—In the cooler parts these should be classed as florist's flowers, but in the coastal districts they do much better in the open.

Mascot Selection—Locally-saved seed from a very fine collection of this beautiful flowering plant. 1/6 packet.

COLEUS.—These also do as well in the garden, especially during summer, but as pot and house plants they may be grown indoors during the winter.

Fancy Fringed—Beautiful large leaves, cut and fringed on the borders. 1/-.

Tall, Mixed—A fine collection. 1/-.

COSMOS, H.A.

Giant Mixture—Large, graceful flowers on immense bushes. 6d.

Earliest Mixed.—Fine, large, very early flowers, with a large number of colours and shades. 6d.

Double Crown—The flowers come in all types of double and semi-double, some like miniature dahlias, others like asters, and any of them forming the daintiest decorative flowers imaginable. Some of the best of these set so few seeds that it is almost impossible to reproduce them in quantities sufficient to offer separately. 6d.

CLARKIA, H.A. 6d.

Finest Mixed—Rosy purple, rose, salmon, white, etc.

CLEOME, T.A. (Spider Flower). 6d.

DAHLIA (Perennial Bulb). 6d.

Large Flowered Double—Choice strain; best show types.

Pom Pom—Small, neat, double flowered. 6d.

Cactus Flowered—Choice strain from double flowers. 1s.

Collarette.—Doubles and semidoubles; very handsome. 6d.

Paeony Flowered—A choice strain of this popular strain. 6d.

Single Mixed—Useful for cut flowers. 3d.

DAISY (Bellis Perennis) H.P. 6d.

Fine Double Mixed—Fine for borders

DAISY (SHASTA), H.P. 6d.

Choicest Mixed—Immense marguerite-like daisies up to 3 and 4 inches across; finest cut flowers.

DATURA, H.A. (Angel's Trumpet) 6d

Cornucopia (Horn of Plenty) — The mouth of the trumpet is a creamy white, and the outside marbled with deep purple.

DELPHINIUM, H.P. (Perennial Larkspur).

Most beautiful spikes of flowers, ranging from white through all shades of blue to the deepest indigo, some of them with shadings of bronze. Once established they are a thing of beauty and a joy for ever.

Gold Medal Mixture—A splendid assortment, including the fine indigo blues, as well as the lighter colours. Best New Zealand seed in Mixture, 1/-.

Blue Butterfly.—A new neat and distinct class of delphinium, free blooming and a great acquisition. 1/- packet.

DIGITALIS, H.P. (Foxglove). 3d.

Fine Mixed—Immense spikes carrying a solid mass of beautifully spotted flowers.

DIANTHUS (Pinks).

Some of the old favourite pinks have been improved, and new ones added to the list, making a wonderful variety of these deliciously scented flowers.

Lacinatus Mirabilis — Deeply fringed petals, two to three inches across; blotched and ringed. 3d.

Picotee—A sweetly-scented, old fashioned type of Dianthus or Carnation. Very free flowering. 1/-.

Chinensis (Chinese Pinks)—Clusters of small flowers mostly edged with white. 3d.

Snowball.—Large white double flowers with a delicious fragrance. Double, 6d.

Fordhook Favourites—An American selection of the largest and best single and double flowers. 1s.

Mixed.—Single and double; a fine assortment. 3d.

DIMORPHOTHECA, H.A. 6d.

Aurantiaca—The Golden Orange Daisy. Large daisy-like flowers of a coppery gold colour.

Aurantiaca Hybrids—A score of new colours of the above.

DOLICHOS (Bush). 6d.

White—This is a true bush form of the beautiful "Daylight" climbing vine.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy)

Sunset Mixture.—A blend of all the most recent colours and shades, including

orange-king, rose cardinal, scarlet and yellow, yellow and orange-red, primrose and pure white.

Beautiful new colours. 6d.

FREESIA (Hardy Bulb). 6d.

Refracta, Mixed — Grows easily from seed.

FORGET-ME-NOT, H.A. (Myosotis). 6d.

FOUR O'CLOCK (Marvel of Peru). 3d
Mixed—A fine assortment of these hardy annuals.

Variegated—Pretty variegated foliage.

GAILLARDIA, H.P. (Blanket Flower). 3d.

Picta Lorenzlana—Large, gay-coloured double flowers.

Fine Mixed.—Large single flowers in blendings of red, scarlet, yellow and orange.

Kelway's Exhibition—This variety is entirely distinct from the old race of Gaillardia. It has an enormous flower on long stems, and is very fine for cut-flower work. Our collection is saved from 12 different varieties. Mixed, 1/- per packet.

Floradale Fancy.—The flower trusses of this fine variety are from 4 to 6 inches in diameter, and the individual flowers are often 1½ inches across. This strain is one of the finest obtainable, and the variation in colours is very large. 1/- per packet.

GODETIA, H.A. 3d.

Finest Mixed—Charming annuals with flowers like azalias in lovely shades of rose, carmine, pink, and white.

GOMPHRENA (Globe Amaranth).

Flowers; often used for edging. 3d.

Dwarf Compact—A superior strain. 6d.

GILIA, H.A.

Tricolour—Dwarf free-flowering plants 3d.

GLADIOLUS (Hardy Bulb).

Fordhook Hybrids—A most glorious collection of these beautiful flowers. We have flowered them in four months from seed; most of the seedlings flower the first year, but the blooms improve in the second year. We could occupy a whole page in describing these flowers without doing full justice to them. 1/- per packet.

See our Advt. for bulbs elsewhere.

GYPSOPHYLA, H.A. (Baby's Breath).

Elegans—White and rose, mixed. 6d.

Covent Garden—Sprays of wee, white flowers used for making up bunches of sweet peas and other flowers. 6d.

HELIOTROPE, H.P. (Cherry Pie).

Lemoine's Giant Hybrid—Of wonderful size and rare beauty. Colours from white through all shades of violet and blue to deep indigo. 1s.

HELIANTHUS (Sunflower).

New Red—Chestnut red, tipped with yellow. 6d.

Large Russian—Useful and ornamental 3d.

Chrysanthemum Flowered—Perfectly double. 6d.

Seedlings of Stella—Diversified in form and habit; fine markings, primrose and lemon. 6d.

Multiflora, Double—Very showy; tall. 6d

Silver Leafed—Pretty silvery foliage 6d

Miniature—Useful for cut flowers. 3d.

HELYCHRYSUM, H.A. (Everlasting).

3d.

Double Mixed—Hardy. free-blooming. useful.

HOLLYHOCK—

Single Mixed—The single varieties flower more continuously than the doubles, and are very showy in the border. All colors mixed, 6d. per packet.

Chaters Double—Beautiful long spikes, crowded with double flowers, three to four inches across, all of the brightest colours. White, light pink, maroon, rose, scarlet and yellow mixed. 6d. pkt.

Double Allegheny—Flowers are distinct in having edges of the petals finely fringed. They are large sized, fairly double, and show effectively the fringed character of the petals; a good range of soft, rich colourings. 1/-.

HONESTY, H.B. (Satin Flower). 6d.

The silvery centre of the seed pods is used for decorative purposes.

HUNNEMANNIA, H. P.

(Buttercup Bush). 6d.

Fumariaefolia—Single, poppy-like flowers. Fine for cut flowers.

ICE PLANT (Mesembryanthemum).

Used for hanging baskets and rockeries

IRIS (Hardy Bulb). 6d.

Kaempferi—The beautiful Japanese Iris

Elegans—Flowers orange and scarlet.

KAULFUSSIA, H.A. 6d.

Amelloides—Blue; good for edging.

KOCHIA, H.A. (Mexican Fire Plant).

Trycophylla—An annual shrub; very decorative. 6d.

LARKSPUR, H.A. 3d.

Double Dwarf Rocket.—The branching spikes are thickly set with fine double flowers in varied colours.

Branching—All shades of blue and mauve.

Stock-Flowered.—A splendid strain for cut flowers, producing fine spikes of blue, white, delicate pink, carmine, light blue.

LOBELIA, H.A. (Edging Plant). 6d.

Crystal Palace—Dark blue, large flowers.

LEPTOSYNE, H.P. (Yellow Marguerite). 6d.

Maritima—Showy border plant; large flowers.

Stillmanni.—A beautiful golden yellow variety of this popular flower. 6d.

LINARIA, H.A. (Toad Flax). 6d.

Mixed Hybrids—Lobelia-like flowers, various colours.

Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy)—Trailing Perennial. Used for hanging basket.

LINUM, H.A. & P. (Flax). 3d.

Grandiflorum Rubrum—Annual; crimson flax; beautiful and very showy.

Perennial Mixed.—Various colours. 6d.

AFRICAN MARIGOLDS, H.A. (Tall). 6d.

Lemon Ball—Petals heavily rolled, and flowers ball-like in form; very beautiful.

Orange Ball—A rich, brilliant orange.

FRENCH MARIGOLDS, H.A. (Dwarf)

Giant Tree.—A strain of French Marigold used very largely in Victoria for cut flowers. 6d.

Legion of Honour—Bright single flowers. 6d.

Double Mixed.—All colours. 3d.

MATRICARIA, H.A. (Snowball). 6d.

Eximia—Double White.

Golden Ball—Fine yellow variety.

MARGUERITE DAISY, H.P. 6d.

Chrysanthemum Frutescens—Bushy perennials; showy flowers.

MATHIOLA BICORNIS (Evening

Scented Stock). 3d.

Fragrant pink and lilac flowers, opening at night.

MIGNONETTE, H.A.

Goliath—Robust growth, spreading form; the large spikes frequently measure five inches in diameter. 6d.

Machet—Deliciously scented grey flowers. 3d.

Golden Queen—Florets golden yellow; scented. 3d.

Fordhook Mixture—Embracing some of the finest types. 6d.

MIMULUS (Musk), Tender Pot Plants. 6d.

Moschatis—Well-known perennial.

Tigrinus—Monkey Musk; annual; flowers tiger spotted and blotched.



NEW HYBRID TREE LUPINS

PINK PEARL.

The demand for these lupins commenced with their use on the supper tables at the reception to the Prince of Wales in June 1920, and their popularity has continued to increase until they are amongst the most popular of cut flowers for Winter use.

PINK PEARL blossoms are as their name implies, a beautiful shell pink in general effect. The upper lobes are a lighter pink touched with a spot of bright yellow. The substance of the flowers is of a fine consistency, and if the spikes are placed in water when the first blossoms open out, they will keep fresh for a week or ten days while all the buds expand.

Another curious habit the spikes have is that of turning upwards after a few hours in water, frequently bending in the middle of the spike, so that the top part shall be perpendicular.

Altogether, the Pink Pearl Lupin forms the most satisfactory cut flower for winter use that has been introduced for many a day. Nor should it be inferred from the fact that they have done so well in winter from autumn sown seeds that this is the only season for sowing and flowers. These Lupins may be sown from December to August in the warmer and coastal districts, and from January to October in the cooler highlands with satisfactory results, though the February to March sowings will probably produce the largest and most prolific plants.

Packets, 6d. and 2/6, post paid.

WHITE PEARL.—Equally useful with the pink; usually snow white, occasionally shaded blue. 6d. packet.

BLUE PEARL.—Quite as handsome as Pink Pearl, but deep blue with yellow spot. 6d. packet.

LUPIN, H.A. & P. 3d.

Annuals, Mixed—Fine for cutting.
Perennials, Mixed — Producing fine
spikes of flowers.. 6d.

We can supply trade packets of the above for 2/6; these will be suitable for cut flower growers.

NASTURTIUMS (Dwarf).

David Burpee—Quite a distinct type of the dwarf Nasturtium. The plant makes a symmetrical bush of perfectly round formation, attaining a height of from 9 to 12 inches. The beauty is much enhanced by the very peculiar waved, emerald green leaves. Mixed colours. Packet, 6d.

Gorgeous Mixture — Dwarf; brilliant flowers. 6d.

Lobb's Mixture—Showy for planting in beds or masses. 3d.

NASTURTIUMS (Tall) H.A.—

Fordhook Favourite Mixture—A truly giant race, comprising a large variety of colours in flowers of fine size. 6d.

Ivy Leaved—Distinct 'n both flower and leaf. Mixed. 1/-.

Variegated Queen—Foliage yellow, white and green; flowers many bright, charming colours. 1s.

Tall Mixed—Various Colours. 3d.

NEMESIA, H.A. 6d.

Dainty, compact growing annuals, flowering freely in many colours—white, pale yellow, purple, blood-red, rich orange, carmine, pink, rose, red, scarlet and crimson, spotted and blotched.

NEMOPHILA, H.A. 3d.

Mixed—Shade loving plants, dainty colours.

NIGELLA, H.A. (Love-in-a-mist). 6d.

Mrs. Jekyll.—A beautiful double cornflower blue.

Mrs. Jekyll-Alba.—The best double white, flowers peeping from beautiful graceful foliage.

NICOTIANA, H.A. (Flowering Tobacco). 6d.

Sanderæ Hybrids—Distinctly fragrant; many colours.

Affinis Hybrids — Compact flowering bushes, jessamine-like scent; many colours.

OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose). 3d

Mixed—Free-flowering bright flowers.

PERILLA, H.A. 6d.

Beautiful dark-leaved foliage plants.

PHACELIA, H.A. 6d.

Campanularia—Beautiful blue flowers.

PHLOX, H.A.

Fordhook Grandiflora Mixture—A collection of the finest and largest varieties, with distinct and brilliant colourings. 6d

Drummond, Choice Mixed—A good assortment. 3d.

Starred and Fringed—Fine collection; various colours. 6d.

PENTSTEMEN, H.P.

Floradale Fancy—A most beautiful collection of this Gloxinia-like flower, producing large flower spikes of beautiful colours, both light and dark, and twice the size of the older strains. 1s.

Good Mixed—A choice assortment. 6d.

PORTULACCA, H.H.A.

Single Mixed—Various colours. 3d.

Double Rose Flowered, Mixed—A fine strain, with very brilliant flowers in many colours. Fine for bedding. 1/-.

Giant Parana.—A quite distinct colour from other portulaccas. Bright bluish rose, making a most effective display through the summer. 6d. packet.

PRIMULA, H.H.A.

Malacoides — This half-hardy Primula has been largely used as an edging or bedding plant in the garden, particularly in the coastal and warmer portions of New South Wales. It makes a very fine, showy bed, and does not grow too large. Price, 1/6 per packet.

PYRETHUM, H.P. 3d.

Aureum (Golden Feather)—Pretty foliage plant.

Roseum—Pretty single flowers of various colours. 6d.

Roseum Double.—A magnificent collection of new types of the hybrid perennial double pyrethums. 1/- per packet.

RANUNCULAS.—Hardy bulb.

Britz Strain.—This strain produces a wonderful assortment of beautiful double and single flowers suited for cut flowers. 1/- packet.

RHODANTE, H.A. 3d.

Mixed—Everlastings in various colours.

RUDBECKIA, H.A. (Cone Flower). 6d

Speciosa Bicolour — Large flowers on long stems.

Newmanii—A continuous bloomer, with large, yellow, daisy-shaped flowers with black centre. Height, two and one-half feet. 6d. packet.

Pansies, Petunias, and Poppies

PANSIES, H.A.

Mastoden Mixture—We saw this selection flowering at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in a bed of 250,000 plants, and greatly admired it. The Mastoden Pansies are of enormous size, and of great variety. They include white and dark centre, dark blue centre, and light blue centre, pure white, black, lavender, violet, blue, bronze, Royal purple, rose, cerise red, red with silver rim, mahogany, yellow, wine-coloured, red and gold, lavender and gold, with many varieties in each colour. Packets at 1s. and 2s. 6d.

Masterpiece—A race of giant ruffled pansies, in rich, dark shades, blotched and marbled. 1s.

Parislant—Very large stained. 6d.

Good Mixed—A fine mixture. 3d.

PETUNIAS, H.P.

Selected Double—A good, French strain 1/6.

Large Flowering Defiance—Flowers up to 5in. in diameter, indescribably rich and varied. 1/6.

Good Mixed—Ordinary petunias in good mixture. 3d.



Defiance Petunia.

POPPIES, H.A. & P.

Ryburgh Hybrid—A new race of beautiful poppies producing large double flowers in many colours. 1/.

Burbank—(Silver Lining.) A hybrid strain, with new colourings and larger blooms; vigorous growth. Large cup-shaped flowers, intense scarlet with a silvery-white covering. 6d. per packet.

Fordhook Fairies — Beautiful Double Poppies. 6d.

Perennial Hybrids—Fine flowers for cutting, shades of yellow and white, keep well in water. 6d. packet.

Iceland—This beautiful strain of perennial poppies has proved very suitable for bedding and for borders in our climate. Special giant flowered strain. 6d. packet.

Sunbeam—An extra fine strain of Iceland Poppy, particularly fine for cut flowers. The long stems and large blooms are quite distinctive. 1/- packet.

Shirley—(Re-selected.) All who have admired the delicate beauty of the Shirley Poppy will be delighted with this re-selected strain, of the finest colour. Packets, 6d.

Royal Colours—A new Shirley poppy, producing large mauve flowers with purple blotches on each petal. 6d. packet.

Tulip—Intense scarlet; enormous. 3d.

Extract from Letter, Mr. O. W.
Thomas.

13/1/25.

"Coedcanals,"

Cobaki Ferry,

Tweed Heads.

I had surprising results from one spraying of "Blighty" on seed-boxes of tomatoes badly affected with "spotted wilt," or something akin.

Please send me a 7lb bag.

Stocks and Sweet Peas

STOCKS, H.A. & P.

TEN WEEKS VARIETIES—

We do not offer any cheap seed of this favourite flower, it is difficult enough to secure a large supply of doubles from the best seeds without spending time and money on what may prove a disappointment

We are stocking three separate strains American, English and French, the best available of each, and would advise customers who want to secure a fine assortment of the best doubles, to get a packet of each

Large Flowering American Dwarf, Double—Including White, Canary-Yellow, bright pink, blood red, light blue and purple. Packets 6d and 2/6

Kelway's Special—A special selection of the best English variety of double, ten weeks, stock in a large variety of colours, 1/- and 2/6.

Large Flowering French Double Ten Weeks—A mixture from a collection containing blood red, bright rose, brown, red, carmine red, chamols, copper carmine, copper rose, dark blood red, dark violet, grey red, light violet, pure white, rose, rosy white, and violet rose. 6d. and 2/6.

Beauty or "Nice" Stocks—These are the finest of all the stocks for cut flowers; they produce a very large percentage of double flowers and although they will frequently flower the second year they are best treated as annuals.

The variety of colour in them is very extensive and includes over a dozen shades. Price 6d. per packet.

Brompton—Extra choice. Some of the best varieties for flowering for several years in succession. 6d.

SWEET PEAS, H.A.

Winter Flowering Types—

The early or winter flowering types have proved themselves to be the most suitable for most parts of Australia. The seed is sown from December to March, and the flowers come in great profusion from March to October.



WINTER FLOWERING
SWEET PEA.

Concord Winter Spencers—A magnificent strain of mixed Sweet Peas containing practically every colour. Blooms are large, of beautiful form, and are carried on splendid stems. Per pkt. (about 150 seeds), 2/6; per small packet (about 50 seeds) 1/-. For planting large areas we offer special packets of about 350 seeds at 5/-.

American Winter Flowered—A very choice mixture, including quite a number of recent introductions. 1s.

Mascot Winter Mixture—All colours: mixed. 6d.

Summer Flowering Types—

In the cooler parts of this State and in the more southern States, the Spencer & Grandiflora types of summer flowering sweet peas do well if sown in early spring and keep on flowering through the summer.

1925 Burpee Blend—A very fine collection of all the recent and up-to-date varieties of sweet pea, embracing every known colour from white to maroon. 6d and 1/-.

Sunset Mixture—Assorted colours. 6d.

SALVIA, H.P. (Flowering Sage). 6d.

Blood Red—The well-known, startlingly brilliant hedge plant or border bush.

SALPIGLOSSIS, H.A. (Velvet Flower).

Emperor.—Very large, petunia-shaped flowers with brilliant veinings. Many colours. 6d.

Good Mixed.—Various colours. 6d.

SCHIZANTHUS (Butterfly Flower).

Wisetonlensis Hybrids—Most beautiful pot plants for the verandah or bush house; great variety of flowers. 1/-.
Dwarf Hybrids—About 12 inches high fine colours. 3d.

SCABIOSA, H.P. (Pincushion). 3d.

Choice Mixture.

Azure Fairy—Beautiful double flowers of a sky-blue colour. 6d.

STEVIA, H.P. 6d.

Serrata—Tiny star-shaped, pure white flowers.

STATICE, H.P. (Sea Lavender). 6d.

Everlasting flowers; fine for cutting.

SWEET WILLIAM, H.P. (Dianthus Barbatus). 3d.

Single Mixed—A wonderfully fine assortment of these old-fashioned flowers. 3d.

Double Mixed—Very fine colours. 6d.

Auricula Eyed—Distinct and beautiful. 6d.

THALICTRUM DIPTEROCARPUM

This beautiful plant, has only recently been acclimatised in New Zealand and Australia. It is an herbaceous Perennial with a root and habit much like Aquilegas or Columbines. When established, it flowers most profusely in mid-summer, for several weeks. The colour is an exquisite deep lavender or pale purple, with yellow anthers. The flower stems are 4 to 5 feet long, with an extremely graceful habit, which suggests the pretty effect of Gypsophila, with a colour similar to that of Aquilegia Coerulea, but of a rather deeper shade. Plants from seed sown in Autumn, will usually flower the following Summer, and improves yearly. In addition to the beautiful flowers, the leaves are very pretty indeed, being very much like fronds of a large Maiden Hair Fern. It does well in similar positions to those which suit the Aquilegas, and in fairly good soil. We consider this one of the finest plants introduced, for the past decade, and the growers will be delighted with it.

1s. 6d. per packet.

TORENIA, FOURNIERI: T.A.

A very charming plant seldom seen, but very useful for beds or borders, or even for pot culture. The flowers are a velvety blue, with three large spots of darkest blue, and a bright yellow throat. 1/6 packet.

VIOLA, H.A.

The old-fashioned Heartsease or Viola has come back into favour again, it makes a fine winter flowering bedding or border plant and does well in summer in the highlands. Mixed colours, 1/6.

VERBENA H.P. (Trailing Plant). 6d.

Fordhook Famous — A fine American collection of seeds in many colours, and of very fine size and brilliancy.

Auricula Flowered—Large flowers of various colours, with white centres.

VIRGINIA STOCK, H.A. (Hesperis). 6d.

Mixed—Red and White.

VINCA, H.P. (Periwinkle). 6d.

Splendid bedding or verandah plants.

WALLFLOWER, H.B.

Kelway's—Magnificent; Prize Double, 1/-.
Single Mixed—Various shades of yellow, red and brown.

Double Mixed—A very fine collection. 6d.

ZINNIA, H.A.

Choice Double Mixed—Various colours. 3d.

Double Striped or Zebra—Fine large blooms. 6d.

Double Pompom—Mixed colours; choice. 6d.

Mexican—This is quite a new race of small Zinnias of great beauty. For bedding and bordering purposes they are unsurpassed. While sufficiently of the form of the old Zinnias to recognise them, they are dwarf, and quite distinct from them, and they vary in colour and markings, being mostly yellow and orange, but many having quite distinct purple markings. 6d. packet.

JUMBLE PACKET—A mixed packet of flower seeds containing over 200 varieties. Suitable for children's gardens and waste corners. 6d. packet, post paid.

CARDINAL CLIMBER (*Ipomea cardinals*).

The most brilliantly beautiful annual that has been introduced for many a year.

The vines grow rampantly, and are always covered with a wealth of the beautiful blossom; as fast as one flower dies, there is another to take its place. Seed, 6d. per packet.

Plants, from October to January, 6 for 1/6, post paid.

MOONFLOWER (Sky-Blue). 6d.

Immense sky-blue flowers cover the plant from top to bottom in a very short time from planting.

KUDZU VINE, H.P. 6d

Grows to a great height; both useful and ornamental.

FRILLED AND FANCY MORNING GLORY, H.A. 6d.

Fancy ruffled and fringed flowers in great profusion.

MORNING GLORY (Double Snow Fairy). 6d.

The flowers appear like beautiful snow-white tassels, sometimes inside and sometimes outside the cone of the old single flower.

DOLICHOS.

Daylight—Fine spikes of snow white flowers. 6d.

Darkness—Flowers reddish violet; pods same colour. 6d.

Lignosus—About the most rampant perennial climber and freest bloomer there is; useful for covering sheds and outhouse. 3d.

Asparagus—Fern-leaved, a mixture of several of these graceful hardy foliage plants. 6d. pkt.

Lignosus—Alba, White. 3d.

Aristolochia, Siphon (Dutchman's Pipe)—Pretty climber, yellow and purple. 6d.

Balloon Vine (*Cardiospermum*) or "Love in a Puff"—A graceful climber of rapid growth. 6d. packet.

Bignonia (Trumpet Creeper)—The varied types of this perennial all do well in

Australia, and soon cover fences or verandahs. 6d. packet.

Centrosema (Butterfly Pea)—A graceful creeper with pretty sweet pea like flowers. 6d. pkt.

Coboea Scandens—A rapid growing climber, with large bell-shaped flowers of a deep purple colour. 6d. pkt.

Canary Bird Creeper—A handsome climber with handsomely fringed yellow flowers and delicate foliage. 6d. pkt.

Cypress Vine—A pretty creeper with delicate fern-like foliage and beautiful star-shaped flowers. 6d. packet.

Clanthus Dampieri—This is the well-known Desert Pea. Its huge, unique flowers are particularly striking. 6d. pkt.

Convolvulus, Minor—Pretty low trailing plant. 6d. packet.

Convolvulus, Major—A very showy annual. 3d. packet.

Ecchremocarpus—A very fast, free-flowering creeper, graceful and beautiful. 6d.

Ipomea or Moonflower—Compact climber. 6d. packet.

Kennedy Monophylla—A native trailer with sarsaparilla-like leaves and blue flowers. Perennial and hardy. 6d. pkt.

Lathyrus Latifolius—Perennial Pea. Live year after year, bearing beautiful clusters of flowers; mixed. 6d. pkt.

Lathyrus Pubescens—A beautiful blue Sweet Pea. Perennial. free climber. 1/

Loposiphium Scandens—One of the most beautiful climbing annuals; graceful fox-glove like flowers, rich rosy purple. 6d. packet.

Mandevilla—A hardy climber, with large snow-white jessamine like flowers, deliciously scented. 6d. packet.

Maurandia—Elegant alike in flower and foliage; suited for vases, hanging baskets and light trellises. 6d. packet.

Mediola Asparagoides (*Smilax*)—A very graceful climber, the foliage useful for cut flowers. 6d. packet.

Mina Lobata—A truly gorgeous flowering annual vine; flowers cream and red. 6d. packet.

Passiflora—Varieties of passion flower, various coloured flowers. 6d. packet.

Snail Creeper—A free growing, hardy, useful vine; covers fences with a leafy growth, and curious snail-like flowers. 6d. packet.

Tecoma (Wonga Vine)—Native climber. 6d. packet.

Virginia Creeper—The well-known deciduous vine which enlivens the autumn landscape with its gay-coloured leaves. 6d. packet.

Wisteria Sinensis—This favourite creeper is easily grown from seeds; flowers lavender. 6d. packet.

Mixed Climbers—A generous packet, containing a good assortment of beautiful climbers. 1/- packet.

GLADIOLUS FORDHOOK HYBRIDS

All the expensive named sorts of Gladiolus will now have to take a back seat. The majority of the blooms from this collection are equal, and quite a number of them superior, to the average named sorts. It would take all the space in this catalogue to describe the collection in detail; even then, one would have to see the flowers themselves to realise the marvellous beauty and diversity of the collection.

The colours embrace every colour and every shade of colour, from white to deep chocolate—almost black, light heliotrope to deep purple, flesh pink to deepest red, creamy white to sulphur yellow, dainty salmon-pink and terra-cotta with yellow are of the purest colour, more or less splashed or striped in the throat with red, crimson or pink.

The form of most of the spikes is nearly perfect, with fine large flowers placed gracefully together.

For cut flowers, the Fordhook Hybrid Gladiolus is perfect, if cut when the first bloom is opening the buds will open one after another in water for a week or ten days.

By getting a few fresh bulbs every year a very fine collection can be made up.

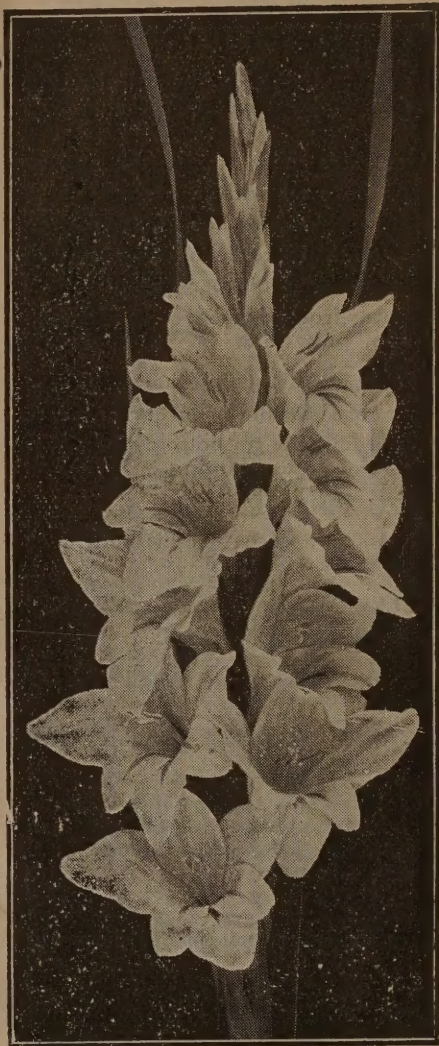
PRICES :

Seeds, 1/- per packet. Seed sown from July to December, if kept well watered, will produce some blooms the first season. Larger packets, 2/6 and 5/-.

Seedling Bulbs—Small bulbs not larger than small peas; most of these, if planted out from July to January, will produce flowering spikes from November to March or April. 1/6 doz.; 25, 3/-; 10/6 per 100, post paid.

Flowering Bulbs—Larger bulbs, most of which have already flowered, and will form fine spikes in two or three months from planting out. 3/- doz., 25 for 5/- post paid. 17/6 per 100; post extra

No special colours can be supplied, as all are grown in mixture.



FORDHOOK GLADIOLUS.

DAFFODILS

We can supply a very fine mixture of cold climate grown daffodils at 2/- per dozen; 7/6 per 100, post paid.

JONQUILS (or Polyanthus Narcissus).

We have a very large stock of these useful cut flower bulbs obtained from a cut flower grower who has changed over to poultry. We can supply at 3d. each; 2/- dozen; 7/6 100; and can quote special prices for lots of 10,000 or 20,000.

AUTUMN AND WINTER PLANTING

MARCH-AUGUST.

	per doz.	s. d.
ACROLINIUM. Sorts	0	8
AQUILEGIA.	1	0
ANTIRRHINUM Snapdragon	1	0
BELLIS PERENNIS, Daisies	1	0
BELLIS MONSTROSA	1	0
CAMPANULA. Mixed	1	0
CARNATION. Marguerite	1	0
CARNATION. Malmaison	2	0
CALENDULA. Marigold	0	8
CENTAUREA. Cornflower	0	8
CINERARIA Extra Choice	2	0
COREOPSIS. Grandiflora	0	8
DELPHINIUMS. Choice	2	0
DIANTHUS. Sorts	1	0
GAILLARDIA. Sorts	0	8
HELYCHRYSUM. Mixed	0	8
LEPTOSYNE. Maritima	0	8
LUPINS. Sorts	1	0
MYOSOTIS. Forget-me-not	0	8
NEMESIA STRUMOSA Very fine	1	6
PANSY. Choice	2	0
PANSY. Extra Choice	2	6
PENTSTEMON. Choice	2	0
PETUNIA, Common	0	8
PETUNIA. Grandiflora	2	0
PHLOX. Drummondii	0	8
POLYANTHUS. Assorted	2	6
PYRETHUM. Mixed	2	0
SALVIA. Splendens	2	0
SWEET PEAS. Spencer's and Early Flowering	1	0
SHASTA DAISIES	3	0
STOCKS. Ten Week	1	0
STOCKS. Choice named sorts	1	6
VERBENAS	1	0

SPRING AND SUMMER PLANTING.

SEPTEMBER-FEBRUARY.

Those marked * from November.

	per doz.	s. d.
ASTER. Tasmanian Mixed	1	0
AQUILEGIA, Single and Double	1	0
*AMARANTHUS Sorts	0	8
ANTIRRHINUM. Tall and dwarf	1	6
BALSAM. Sorts	0	6
CALLIOPSIS. Sorts	0	6
COREOPSIS. Grandiflora	1	0
CARDINAL CLIMBER 6d. each	5	6
CARNATION, Marguerite	1	0
*CELOSIA. Thomp. Magnifica (Feathered)	0	8
*CELOSIA. Cockscomb	0	8
CHRYSANthemum. Annual, single and double; mixed	0	8
COLEUS. Mixed	2	0
*COSMOS. Mixed	0	8
DAHLIA. Mixed	1	6
DIANTHUS. Sorts; mixed	0	8
DIANTHUS BARBATUS Sweet William	0	8
DELPHINIUM. Kelway's choice	2	0
FOXGLOVE. Mixed	0	6
*GOMPHRENA. Globe Amaranth	1	0
GAILLARDIA. Sorts	0	8
HELIANTHUS, Sunflowers; annual	0	8
LOBELIA Dwarf blue	0	8
MARIGOLDS. Sorts	0	8
MINA LOBATA, 6d. each	5	6
NASTURTIUMS. Tall and dwarf	0	8
PHLOX. Drummondii	0	8
PETUNIA. Common	0	8
PENTSTEMON. Grand Strain	2	0
POPPY. Iceland; Mixed	2	0
*PORTULACCA. Mixed	0	8
SALPIGLOSSIS. Mixed	0	8
SHASTA DAISIES	3	0
SALVIA. Splendens	2	0
ZINNIA. Sorts	1	0
WALLFLOWERS. Single	0	8
WALLFLOWERS. Double	1	0

All Seedlings priced at:—

8d. per doz., 4/6 per 100; 1/- per doz.,
7/6 per 100; 2/- per doz.; 12/6 per 100
postage extra, 4d. doz., 1/6 100.

EDGING AND CARPET BEDDING PLANTS

Alternanthera, Red—Foliage used largely for bordering, 2/- per doz.; 15/- per 100.

Alternanthera, Yellow—Foliage used alternately with the red variety or Jewel, makes a nice border. 2/- per doz.; 15/- per 100.

Alternanthera, Jewel (New)—A large leaved richly coloured variety. 2/6 per doz.; 15s. per 100.

Begonia sempervirens.—Pretty dwarf flowering sort, with red foliage. 2/- per doz.; 15/- per 100.

Box (Dwarf Edging).—A nice evergreen edging for a cool situation. 3/- per doz.; 20/- per 100.

Echeveria secunda glauca.—Soft leaved rosette-like plants. 2/- per doz.; 15/- per 100.

Gazania splendens—Showy yellow flowering plants, 2/6 per doz.; 15/- per 100.

Geranium, Madam Salroy.—Pretty white and green variegated leaves. 3/- per doz.; 20/- per 100.

Iresine acuminata.—Green and yellow foliage. 2/- per doz.; 15/- per 100.

Iresine Herbsti.—Red foliage. 2/- per doz.; 15/- per 100.

Iresine Lindenii.—Pointed leaves, red. 2/- per doz.; 15/- per 100.

Lobelia, Dwarf Blue—Pretty flowering plant. 8d. per doz.; 5/- per 100.

Mesembryanthemum, Named Varieties.—Splendid for hot situation. 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.

Pyrethrum aureum (Golden Feather).—A well-known bordering plant. 1/- per doz.; 6/- per 100.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

CLIMBING PLANTS.

AKEBIA —	
Quinata, peculiar purple flowers..	2 0
AMPELOPSIS —	
Hederacea (syn. quinquefolia) ..	1 6
Vitcehil (true Virginian Creeper)	
one of the best deciduous climber-	
ers grown; self-clinging ..	1 6
ANTIGNON —	
leptopus, one of the prettiest	
climbers grown; warm climates	
only ..	2 0
ARISTOLOCHIA —	
Elegans (Dutchman's Pipe) ..	2 6
ASPARAGUS —	
plumosus, a hardy climber; for	
warm climates ..	1 6
tenuissimus ..	1 6
BIGNONIA —	
Australis (Wonga Vine), cream	
and brown; a vigorous climber	1 6
capreolata, red ..	2 0
Cherere, orange red; the best of	
all Bignonias; warm climates	
only ..	2 0
excelsa, yellow vigorous ..	2 0
grandiflora, orange brown ..	2 0
Jasminoides, rose and purple ..	1 6
Jasminoides, alba, pure white ..	2 0
Lindleyana, lilac ..	1 6
Floribunda ..	2 0
rosea, rosy lilac ..	1 6
Tweediana (Chicken's Claw);	
very vigorous, clear yellow	
flowers ..	1 6
Venusta, orange, flowers in win-	
ter ..	2 0
BOUGAINVILLEA —	
Braziliensis, purple ..	3 0
glabra, rose, lilac ..	2 0
glabra sanderiana, magenta, fine	2 0
magnifica Trailli, bright purple	
nearly always in bloom ..	3 0
CANAVALIA —	
bonariensis, purplish red flower	2 0
CLEMATIS —	
aristata (Native Clematis), small	
starry white flowers ..	2 0
Montana, pure white ..	2 0
DOLICHOS —	
lignosus, pink or white ..	1 0
FICUS —	
stipulata (Climbing Fig) ..	1 6
GELSEMIUM —	
sempervirens (Carolina Jasmine)	1 6
sweet scented, yellow flowers ..	2 0
HEDERA —	
helix (English Ivy) ..	1 6
madleriensis variegata ..	2 0
HOYA —	
carnosa (Wax Flower), pale flesh	2 0
HUMULUS —	
lupulus, English Hop ..	1 6
JASMINUM —	
Grandiflorum, white ..	2 0
LATHRYUS —	
Pubescens (Argentine Blue Pea)	1 6

LONICERA (Honeysuckle) —	
Aurea reticulata (variegated) ..	1 6
Caprifolium (Woodbine) ..	1 6
Halleana, best white Honeysuckle	1 6
Japonica, cream, sweetly scented	1 6
semperflorens, scarlet and yellow	1 6
Sinensis, white and red ..	1 6
Tartarica splendens, scarlet ..	2 0
MANDEVILLEA —	
sauveolens, pure white ..	1 6
MANETTIA —	
bicolor, yellow and red ..	1 6
PASSIFLORA —	
Constance Elliott, pure white ..	2 0
edulis (Passion Fruit) ..	0 9
Imperatrice Eugene, blue and	
white ..	2 0
PHASEOLUS —	
caracalla (Snail Flower) ..	2 0
QUISQUALIS —	
Indica (Rangoon Creeper); orange	
to red and pink; warm situation	2 0
RHYNCHOSPERMUM —	
Jasminoides, white, strong per-	
fume ..	2 0
Jasminoides variegata, foliage	
marked with yellow and green	2 0
SOLANUM —	
Jasminoides, white ..	1 0
Seaforthianum, blue, with red	
berries ..	1 6
Wendlandi, lavender blue ..	2 0
SOLLYA —	
heterophylla, Native Blue Bell ..	2 6
STEPHANOTIS —	
floribunda, pure white ..	from 2 6
STIGMAPHYLLUN —	
Ciliatum, yellow, very pretty ..	2 0
TACSONIA —	
ignea, scarlet ..	2 0
mollissima (White Fruited Passion	
Fruit, beautiful pink flowers) ..	1 6
Smytheana, orange scarlet ..	2 0
THUNBERGIA —	
laurifolia, pale blue, yellow throat	2 0
A NEW CLIMBING PLANT	
THUNBERGIA GIBSONI —(The Golden	
Glory Vine)—	
To those of our customers who are	
looking for something unique in climbers,	
we would draw attention to this glorious	
plant. It is a free climber for small	
trellises, stumps, and netting frames. It	
covers itself with dainty orange yellow	
flowers the whole year round, from the	
time that it is three or four months old.	
Thunbergia Gibsoni is amongst the	
finest and most useful of our climbing	
plants.	
Price. 3/- post paid. Plants in pots	
available at any time.	
WISTARIA —	
magnifica, lavender blue ..	2 0
multijuga, dark purple flowers	3 0
multijuga, alba, white ..	2 6
multijuga, rosea, light rose pink	2 6
Sinensis, lavender ..	2 0
Sinensis, alba, white ..	2 6

SOME NATIVE PLANT SPECIALITIES

Suitable for Shrubbery and Garden.

Post Extra at Prices Named.

Lovers of our native Australian plants will be pleased to note that we are able to offer quite a fine collection of these, sufficient to supply a choice for small or large gardens. Postage on these will cost about 6d. each when ordered in lots of two or three, 9d. for a single plant. To other States, 8d. and 1/2.

1. **ACACIA BAILEYANA:**
The Cootamundra Wattle, 20ft., 1/6.
2. **ACACIA CULTRIFORMIS:**
The Knife-leaved Wattle, 12ft., 1/6.
3. **ACACIA CYANOPHYLLA:**
The Blue-leaved Weeping Wattle, 12ft., 1/6.
4. **ACACIA PUBESCENS:**
The Downy-leaved Wattle, 10ft., 2/6.
5. **ACACIA SPECTABILIS:**
The showy Wattle, 1/6.
6. **ALSOPIHILA COOPERI:**
The Tree Fern, 20ft., from 4 1/2 each.
7. **ANIGOSANTHUS FLAVIDA:**
Kangaroo Paw of W.A., 4ft., 2/-.
8. **BACKHOUSIA CITRIODORA:**
Lemon-scented Myrtle, 12ft., 2/-.
9. **BLANDFORDIA NOBILIS:**
Small-flowered Christmas Bell, 1ft., 2/-.
10. **BORONIA MEGASTIGMA:**
The W.A. scented Boronia, 4ft., 2/-.
11. **BORONIA SERRULATA:**
The Sydney "Native Rose," 3ft., 2/6.
12. **CALLISTEMON LANCEOLATUS:**
Red Bottle Brush, 6ft., 2/-.
13. **CASSIA ARTEMISIOIDES:**
Fine-leaved Senna, 2ft., 2/-.
14. **CASTANOSPERMUM AUSTRALIS:**
Moreton Bay Chestnut, 40ft., 2/-.
15. **CERATOPETALUM GUMMIFERUM:**
N.S.W. Christmas Bush, 25ft., 2/-.
16. **CHORIZEMA CORDATUM:**
W.A. Pea-flower, 2ft., 1/6.
17. **CLEMATIS ARISTATA:**
Old Man's Beard. Climbers. 20ft., 2/-.
18. **CHAMAELAUCIUM UNCINATUM:**
The Geraldton Wax Flower, 5ft., 3/-.
19. **DORYANTHES EXCELSA:**
The Gigantic Lily, 15ft., 2/-.
20. **ELOEOCARPUS CYANEUS:**
Blueberry Ash, 20ft., 2/-.
21. **ERIOSTEMON NERIFOLIA:**
Native Daphne Shrub, 3ft., 2/-.
22. **EUCALYPTUS CALOPHYLLA ROSEA:**
Pink flowered Red Gum, 40ft., 1/6.
23. **EUCALYPTUS FICIFOLIA:**
Red-flowering Gum of W.A., 20ft., 1/6.
24. **EUCALYPTUS GLOBULUS:**
Tasmanian Blue Gum, 50ft., 1/6.
25. **EUCALYPTUS CORYNOCALX:**
Sugar Gum, 50ft., 1/6.
26. **EUCALYPTUS BOTRYOIDES:**
Bastard Mahogany, 50ft., 1/6.
27. **EUGENIA SMITHII:**
Lilli-pilli, 25ft., 2/-.
28. **EUGENIA LUEMANII:**
A most beautiful shrub, 20ft., 2/-.
29. **FICUS EUGENIOIDES:**
Small-leaved Fig, 2/-.
30. **FICUS BENJAMINI:**
The Weeping Fig, 40ft., 3/-.
31. **FICUS MUELLERI:**
A large Native Fig Tree, 50ft., 2/6.
32. **GRAPTOPHYLLUM EARLII:**
A Queensland shrub, 6ft., 2/-.
33. **GREVILLEA BANKSII FOSTERI:**
Crimson Spider Flowers, 6ft., 2/-.
34. **GREVILLEA ROBUSTA:**
The Silky Oak, 40ft., 1/6.
35. **HAKEA EUCALYPTOIDES:**
Gum-leaved Acacia, crimson, 8ft., 2/-.
36. **HYMENOSPORMUM FLAVUM:**
A Fragrant tree; yellow. 20ft., 2/-.
37. **JASMINUM SIMPLICIFOLIUM:**
Jasmine Climber, 3ft., 2/-.
38. **KENNEDYA MONOPHYLLA:**
Mock Sarsaparilla, trailer, 4ft., 2/-.
39. **LAGERSTROMA FLOS REGINAE:**
Crepe Myrtle, 12ft., 2/6.
40. **LEPTOSPERMUM NICHOLLI:**
The Red-flowered Manuka of N.Z., 2/-.
41. **MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA:**
The Australian Nut, 20ft., 2/-.
42. **MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS:**
The Burrawong or Zamia Palm, 2/6.
43. **MELALEUCA HYPERICIFOLIA:**
Scarlet Tea-tree, 8ft., 2/-.
44. **MELASTOMA MALABATHRICA:**
Handsome shrub, 6ft., 2/-.
45. **MURRAYA EXOTICA:**
Mock Orange, 6ft., 2/-.
46. **PITTOSPORUM UNDULATUM:**
Native Daphne, scented, 25ft., 1/6.
47. **PODOCARPUS ELATA:**
Illawarra Plum, 2/6.
48. **PROSTANTHERA SIEBERI:**
Beautiful Flowering Shrub, 6ft., 2/-.
49. **SOLLYA HETEROPHYLLA:**
A beautiful Blue Bell; climber; 6ft., 2/6.
50. **STENOCARPUS CUNNINGHAMII:**
Scarlet Umbrella Flower, 25ft., 2/-.
51. **STERCULIA ACERIFOLIA:**
Flame Tree, 2/-.
52. **STERCULIA LURIDA:**
Red-flowered Kurrajong, 2/-.
53. **STERCULIA DIVERSIFOLIA:**
The Kurrajong. 1/6.
54. **SYNCARPIA LAURIFOLIA:**
The Turpentine, 50ft., 2/-.
55. **TECOMA AUSTRALIS:**
Wonga Vine, 25ft., 1/6.
56. **TECOMA JASMINOIDES:**
A beautiful flowering vine, 1/6.
57. **TELOPEA SPECIOSISSIMA:**
The Waratah, 10ft., 5/-.
58. **TRISTANIA CONFERTA:**
Brush Box, 40ft., 1/6. A fine avenue tree.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

POPULAR FLOWERING PLANTS

(Postage extra, unless otherwise marked.)

ASPARAGUS, Fern Leaved—

Useful plants for decorative purposes. They all do well in a bush house or under a verandah, and the two first are hardy in the garden.

Plumosus—(Climbing lace), 1/6.

Sprengeri—(Emerald Feather). This variety is very fine for hanging baskets or rockeries. 1/6.

Capensis—A very beautiful variety, 1/6.

Tenuissimus—An elegant, slender species, 1/6.

AZALEA—

Single and Double, from 2/- each.

Mollis, 5/-

BEGONIA—

Ornamental leaved or Rex, 1/6 each.

Tree, 1/6 each.

Tuberous Rooted—

Selected Singles—Mixed colours, for pot culture, 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen.

Extra Selected Singles—Separate colors white, yellow, pink, and red shades, suitable for exhibition, 2/- each, 22/- per doz.

Selected Doubles—Mixed colors, for pot culture, 2/- each; 22/- per dozen.

Herbaceous (Wax Flower), 1/6.

BOUARDIA—

Large collection of these beautiful plants at 1/- each, 11/- per dozen.

CANNA—

Fine for large gardens, 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.

CAMELIA—

Fine assortment, from 3/- each.

CARNATIONS—

Some of the finest and hardiest variations now available for the country gardener. Price 1/- each, 11/- doz., postage 1/- per doz. extra.

Apsley—

A decorative variety of fine strong growth, producing flowers with fine big stems. The colour is salmon in the centre, shading lighter towards the edge.

Beauty—

The name applies well to this variety, which is one of the most beautiful varieties grown. Colour, cream, ground, pencilled maroon; always in demand.

Salamander—

Is a beautiful carnation with good-sized finely-shaped flowers of an entirely new shade of salmon. The growth is strong, and the calyx perfect.

White Sequence—

A very free-growing carnation, showing slight traces of pink, when first open, and a fine habit. A very valuable cut flower variety.

CARNATIONS—Continued.**Avignon—**

Is a yellow, with the smooth edge lightly tipped with red or scarlet. It flowers profusely and the flowers keep well.

Denet—

This carnation probably has the largest sale of any carnation grown. Over 40,000 plants of this was sold by one Sydney nurseryman last year. It is easy to grow, and produces immense blooms of a pale pink colour, with petals deeply serrated. 1/-.

Superb—

This has large flowers of a crimson-like colour.

Torchlight—

Another show variety, very sweetly perfumed, and has a profusion of crimson flowers.

Winifred—

Bears show flowers with a cream ground, delightfully marked with vermillion. A good winter bloom.

Comet—

Is also a winter bloom. The scarlet flowers are very popular.

Baden Powell—

A splendid deep scarlet, strong grower and good bloomer.

Como—

A beautiful cerise pink, one of the strongest growing varieties. Always in flower.

Desert Gold—

Absolutely the finest pure yellow in cultivation. Strong grower, long stems and perfect blooms.

Fair Maid—

One of the best florists' flowers. Colour, delicate flesh pink; always in bloom.

Gordon—

Bright brick red. A very strong, hardy grower.

Mauve King—

A beautiful lavender heliotrope shade.

CHRYSANTHEMUM—

Large assortment 1/- each, 11/- dozen. Marguerite, Mrs. Sanders, 1/-, postage 3d.

COLEUS—

Beautiful ornamental leaved plants can be bedded out, and grown out of doors during the summer, but require the protection of a bush or glass house during the winter. Plants, 1/ each, 11/- per doz., post extra. Assorted seedlings in spring and summer. 2/6 doz., post paid.

DAHLIA—

Cactus, Paeony, Collarette, Show, and Pom Pom varieties.

August to December, 1/- each, 11/ doz.

Delphinium (Butterfly)—

Most beautiful and gorgeous spikes of deep and light blue flowers. 2/6 per doz. post paid.

Erica (The Heath)—

Large assortment, 2/6 each; 28/- doz.

Fuschia—

A fine assortment of single and double. 1/6 each, 16/- dozen.

Pelargoniums and Geraniums—

Regal, Show and Ivy-leaved, 1/6 each, 16/- dozen.

GERBERA JAMESONI HYBRIDS—(Perennial African Daisy).—

This plant has become a great favourite wherever it has succeeded, but on account of the uncertainty of germination of the seeds, and the unreliability of seedlings, we have refrained from offering it for sale.

We can now however, offer fine established plants, of tested shades and of selected forms that will not fail to give the greatest satisfaction.

The colours vary from pure white and cream through shades of yellow, red and salmon to orange-rose, scarlet and crimson.

The price is 2/- each, or for specially selected shades of red, 2/6. The postage on one or three would be 6d. extra, and six or more will be sent without extra charge for postage.

Perennial Phlox—

Large collection, 1/- each, 11/- dozen.

Pentstemon—

Magnificent new types, Gloxinia flowered, 1/- each, 11/- dozen.

Large Plants of N.S.W. Christmas Bush.

CERATAPETALUM GUMMIFERUM —

The beautiful scarlet flowers of the Sydney Christmas bush are always a source of pleasure, whether on the tree or used for decorative purposes. Many gardeners find the young plants usually supplied, very hard to establish, and nurse through the first year or two.

To obviate this difficulty we have had a number of these plants potted up into benzine tins and grown on for a few years. These make magnificent flowering specimens and are easily established in the garden, by slashing the tin and allowing it to rust away, the iron from the rusting tin will probably add to the brilliancy of the blossoms.

These large plants are very suitable for delivery by carrier in the suburbs, and may be safely packed for transmission by rail.

Price large plants, 10/- to 15/- each; freight extra. We can still supply the small seedling plants at 2/-; post 6d. extra.

Flowering plants may be ordered for Christmas delivery, and used for decorative work before planting out.

PETUNIAS—

Double Petunias are so uncertain from seed, and the seed is so expensive, that it is much more satisfactory to get the named plants. They are very easy to grow, and make a fine show in the garden. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- per dozen.

Verbena—

Fine colours, 1/- each, 11/- dozen.

VIOLETS—

Violet plants can be sent safely to all parts of Australia during the cool weather from April to August.

California, dark blue, extra large flower, Rawson's White, best single white.

3/6 dozen, post paid.

Double, 9d. each, 5/- dozen, post paid.

Fine Flowering Shrubs.

VARIETIES OF HIBISCUS.—

The old red-flowered Hibiscus was one of the best shrubs used in garden work around the first settlement of Sydney. It proved quite hardy and very free in flowering, and is often used as a flowering hedge.

The Hibiscus family is a very extensive one, in fact, at Honolulu there is a plantation of several hundred species, many of these are hardy enough to succeed in Australia; some in fact, flower freely in the cooler mountain districts. In addition to the original species, florists have turned their attention to hybridising with very fine results. During a recent trip round the world, the writer saw many of these in the Phillipine Islands. Locally, Mr. Selkirk has raised some very beautiful hybrids suitable for coastal gardens.

The colours are red, pink, buff, double crimson, salmon, old rose, tango, golden apricot, and strawberry-red.

The price of the different varieties of Hibiscus is 1/6, and 2/- each; and the new hybrids, 2/6. Order a collection for the shrubby or one colour for the hedge. We can supply Hibiscus Camdeni for hedge work at 15/- per dozen.

THE PERENNIAL TREE POPPY—(Romneya tricalyx)—

This is an improvement on Romneya Coulteri, in that it will succeed in the coastal and warmer parts of the State.

Romneya tricalyx forms a large bushy plant about four feet high and the same size across, with immense single poppy-like flowers with yellow stamens, freely carried on long stems. The flowers are pure white, of crepe texture, and about six inches in diameter. The foliage too, is very handsome, the large grey-green leaves set off the flowers in a glorious contrast.

Price of Plants, 2/6 each; posted 3/6.

SOME POPULAR ROSES.

1/6 each, 16/- doz. Post extra.

America (H.T.).—Immense rose-pink flowers, sweetly scented.

Betty Uprichard (H.T.).—Inner face of petals delicate salmon pink, reverse glowing crimson. Excellent for decorative work.

Chateau de Clos Vougeot (H.T.).—One of the darkest red roses grown. Sweetly scented.

Clarice Goodacre (H.T.).—Semi double ivory white.

Colonel O. Fitzgerald (H.T.)—Blood Red, shaded crimson.

Columbia (H.T.).—Rich deep pink, very sweetly scented. Requires plenty of water to grow it well.

Comtesse de Cayla (China).—Nasturtium red tinted orange and carmine, free flowering.

Comtesse La Barthe (G.D.).—Rosy Flesh, globular, free blooming.

Countess of Gosford (H.T.).—Salmon pink and rose, free blooming.

C. V. Haworth (H.T.).—Rich scarlet crimson.

Dean Hole (H.T.).—Perfectly formed; colour, silvery carmine, shaded salmon.

Duchess of Wellington (H.T.).—Intense saffron yellow.

Earl Haig (H.T.).—Deep reddish crimson, sweetly perfumed.

Earl of Bufferin (H.P.).—Velvety crimson, shaded maroon; large, full, perfect form.

Elegante (H.T.).—Sulphur Yellow, good.

Etoile de Hollande (H.T.).—Dark red semi-double. Very sweetly scented.

Ethel Somerset (H.T.).—Shrimp pink, free blooming.

Exquisite (H.T.).—Salmon rose shaded yellow at base. Semi-double. Very long bud.

Fancy Free (H.T.).—A semi-single pink. Very good for bedding, always flowering.

Frances Gaunt (H.T.).—Deep apricot. Free flowering.

Frances Scott Key (H.T.).—A very large rose, of deep sherry colour.

Frau Karl Druschki.—Finest white H.P. extant.

F. W. Dunlop (H.T.).—Rich deep pink fragrant

General MacArthur (H.T.).—Flowers richest crimson, shaded scarlet.

General Superior Jansen.—Glowing deep carmine.

George Dickson.—Perfumed; velvety blackish, scarlet, crimson. Heavily veined pure crimson.

Golden Ophelia (H.T.).—Golden Yellow. Not large, but very free blooming.

Gustave Grunerwald (H.T.).—Bright china pink with apricot centre.

Gwen Nash (H.T.).—Semi-double flower cyclamen pink with white eye. Almost a climber.

Hadley (H.T.).—Dark red with beautiful scent. One of the best red roses grown.

Hawthorn Crimson (H.T.).—Semi-double crimson maroon flowers. After the style of Red Letter Day but better. Nearly always in flower.

Hoosier Beauty (H.T.).—Glowing crimson. Very sweetly scented.

Hugo Roller (T.S.).—Rich lemon yellow, edged and suffused with crimson; flowers of good shape and free.

Irish Elegance (H.T.).—Single. One of the most beautiful decorative roses grown; long buds of a coppery salmon shade, very vigorous.

Irish Fireflame (H.T.).—Orange fleshed crimson. Single.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock.—Large size; perfect formation, perfumed; color carmine, changing to imperial pink.

K. A. Victoria (H.T.).—S.G.B.D. White centre shaded cream; good show rose.

K. of K. (H.T.).—Single Scarlet.

Lady Hillingdon (T.).—Deep apricot-yellow, long pointed buds; very fine.

Lady Maureen Stewart (H.T.).—Scarlet cerise with darker shading. very bright, good for bedding.

Lady Pirrie (H.T.).—Coppery salmon semi-double. Good for decorative work

Laurent Carle (H.T.).—Brilliant velvety carmine, very large, perfect form.

Lord Charlemont (H.T.).—Clear crimson. Sweetly scented.

Los Angeles (Per.).—Flame pink toned with Coral shading to gold. A beautiful variety.

Madame Butterfly (H.T.).—A deeper coloured sort of Ophelia. Sweetly scented, and very beautiful.

Madame E. Herriot (Per.).—Coral red, shading to yellow.

Madame Abel Chatenay (S.G.B.D.).—Clear bright China rose. Long bud.

Madame Jules Grolez.—Brilliant China rose, vigorous grower, branching habit.

Madame Jules Bouche (H.T.).—Semi-double creamy white, tinted pink. Good garden variety.

Margaret Dickson Hamill (H.T.).—Deep golden yellow.

Marjorie Bulkley (H.T.).—Buff ochre, heavily flushed rosy pink, scented.

Miss E. Cavell (Poly.).—A good crimson sport of Orleans.

Mrs. Aaron Ward (H.T.).—Indian yellow, occasionally washed with salmon rose; very large.

Maman Cochet (S.G.B.D.).—Flesh rose, shaded salmon yellow; fine long bud.

Maman Turbat (Poly.).—China rose, shaded pink.

Marie Van Houte (S.G.B.D.).—Cream.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell (H.T.).—Reddish salmon. Free bloomer.

Mrs. Bryce Allen (H.T.).—Rosy carmine. Sweetly scented.

Mrs. C. J. Bell (H.T.).—Shell pink sport of Radiance.

Mrs. Dunlop Best (H.T.).—Reddish apricot with coppery yellow base.

Mrs. George Shawyer (H.T.).—Brilliant clear rose.

Mrs. Harold Brocklebank (H.T.).—Creamy white, buff centre.

Mrs. H. R. Darlington (H.T.).—Creamy white, splendid shape. Good for garden or show.

Mrs. H. Stevens (H.T.).—Semi-double white. One of the best in this colour.

Mrs. W. C. Egan (H.T.).—Light pink. Very long bud.

Ophelia (H.T.).—Salmon pink shaded yellow, scented.

Orleans Rose (Pol.).—One of the best dwarf polyanthus ever raised; dwarf, compact habit; flowers freely produced in immense trusses, of a bright geranium red, suffused with rose, with white centre.

Perle des Jardins (S.G.B.D.).—Straw colour, centre orange yellow; free blooming.

"Penelope" (T.).—From Queensland, of exceptional beauty; lower petals rich dark red, and centre creamy white.

Pilgrim (H.T.).—Silvery pink. Very free flowering. Scented.

Prince Camille de Rohan.—Dark crimson.

Radiance.—Inside of petal silvery pink, outside carmine. Vigorous grower, free bloomer. Sweetly scented.

Red Radiance (H.T.).—A cerise red sport from Radiance. As good as the parent.

Red Letter Day (H.T.).—A splendid grower, always in bloom; long stems, and light semi-double blooms of the richest velvety crimson scarlet. The colour does not fade.

Rev. F. Page Roberts (H.T.).—Soft buff shading to rich yellow. Very good.

Rhea Reid (H.T.).—One of the brightest and best. Red.

Rose Marie (H.T.).—Rose pink free blooming. One of the best garden roses grown.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet (Per.).—A rich sunflower, yellow. Strong grower, good bloomer.

Souv. de Stella Gray (T.).—Predominating colour is deep orange, with splashes of yellow apricot, salmon and crimson.

Souv. de Therese Levett (S.G.B.D.).—Deep crimson. Shaded maroon.

R. B. Ferguson (Per.).—Rich coppery apricot.

Star of Queensland (H.T.).—Colour, rich velvety crimson, shaded with maroon, and a lovely sheen; reverse cardinal to cerise; sweetly scented.

Sunny South (H.T.).—A splendid semi-double rose. Pink flushed carmine on a yellow base.

Sunstar (H.T.).—Semi-single deep orange and yellow. Very vivid colouring.

Sunburst (H.T.).—Flower large; superb cadmium yellow with yellow-orange centre.

Walter C. Clark (H.T.).—Deep maroon crimson. Growth like a pillar. Free blooming.

Warrior (H.T.).—Buds blood red opening flowers vivid scarlet crimson.

Westfield Star (H.T.).—Lemon yellow sport of Ophelia.

White Maman Cochet (S.G.).—Creamy white, sometimes tinted blush or pink.

W. F. Dreer (H.T.).—Deep golden yellow shaded peach and old rose.

Willowmere (H.T.).—The flowers, which open out a rich shrimp pink, are very full and fragrant.

CLIMBING ROSES.

1/6 each, 16/- per doz., post extra.

American Pillar—Flowers single, rich pink, with a well defined white eye, and yellow stamens; very showy.

Blackboy (H.T.).—Deep velvety crimson, semi-double.

Climbing Ophelia (H.T.).—Salmon flesh shaded yellow.

Climbing Perle des Jardins.—A climbing sport from dwarf of that name.

Climbing Maman Cochet (Tea scented.).—This is a strong climbing form of the well known rose of the same name.

Climbing K. A. Victoria.—Free blooming; generally admitted one of the best.

Climbing Sunburst (H.T.).—Deep yellow.

Climbing Lady Hillingdon (H.T.).—Orange yellow.

Climbing Madame Abel Chatenay (H.T.).—Pale salmon pink.

Climbing Madame S. Weber (H.T.).—Rosy salmon.

Climbing Chateau de clos Vougeot (H.T.).—Dark crimson.

Cloth of Gold.—Pale sulphur yellow with deeper centre.

Dorothy Perkins (Wich.).—Rich soft rose.

Excelsa (Wich.).—A fine addition to the Wichuriana class, which is increasing in popularity every year. Flowers double and of a bright scarlet colour.

Miss Marion Manifold (H.T.).—Climber, a rich, velvety scarlet, crimson shaded

Kitty Kinmonth (H.T.).—Bright carmine rose, semi-double.

Noella Nabonnand.—An extraordinary vigorous climber, with deep crimson flowers, bloched and splashed with amaranth.

Sachsengruss (H.T.).—Delicate flesh, very large blooms.

Sanders White (Wich.).—The best white Wichuriana.

Souv. de Leonie Vinneott.—Very strong grower, profuse bloomer; flowers coppery shade pink.

Climbing White Maman Cochet (H.T.).—Without doubt the best climber.

COLLECTION OF ROSES

Our list of roses has been completely revised this year. Old and obsolete varieties have been omitted, and newer and better ones substituted. We can supply any twelve of these, 16/- post paid in N.S.W.; 17/- to other States; six, 9/- three, 5/-.

HEDGE PLANTS

A neatly trimmed hedge, improves a home garden very much. We can supply well-rooted plants ready to plant as follows:—

Bougainvillea (Glabra) Sanderiana.—Splendid flowering hedge. Plant 2ft. 2/- each; 21/- dozen.

Coprosma lucida.—Most suited for sea coast planting, 3ft. apart. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Duranta.—Evergreen hedge plant; purplish blue flowers. plant 2ft. apart; from 12/- doz 85/- per 100.

Eugenia Smithii (Lilli Pilli).—Excellent for a tall hedge; plant 3ft.. 2/- each; 21/- dozen.

Eugenia Pendula.—2/- each ; 21/- dozen.

Eunonymus Silver.—Beautiful dwarf hedge; very striking; 2ft. apart. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Hibiscus (Single Scarlet).—A grand ornamental hedge for warm climates; plant 3ft. apart 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Laurel, English.—Splendid hedge plant for cool climates. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Ligustrum (Privet).—Small leaved. a good hardy edge; plant 12 inches apart; 17/6 per 100. 2/6 per dozen.

Ligustrum Lucidum.—Large leaved; makes an excellent hardy edge; disease and drought resistant; plant 12 inches apart; 2/6 dozen; 17/6 per 100.

Maclura Aurantiaca.—Tsage Orange. A strong growing thorny hedge; 2ft. apart. 3/ dozen; 20/ per 100.

Olive Common.—Plant 2ft. apart; Pot-grown plants. 12/- dozen.

Pittosporum Undulatum.—The native Daphne; planted 2ft. apart it makes a splendid hedge; 1/6 each. 15/- per dozen.

Raphiolepis Indica (Indian Hawthorn).—Without exception, we consider this the finest evergreen flowering hedge obtainable. The plants are fairly fast growing, and when once established at the required height need less attention than any other hedge. Price, 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Tecoma Capensis.—2ft. apart; orange red flowers; 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Purple Guava.—A splendid hedge for garden; covered with fruit from June to October; 2ft. apart; 1/6 each; 15/-

Viburnum tinus.—2ft. apart. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Postage on hedge plants, about 2/- per dozen, excepting Hawthorn, Privet, Maclura and Olives, on which it is 9d. per dozen; 1/6 per 100.



NEPHROLEPIS AMERPOHLI.
Philadelphia Lace Fern.

Hardy Ferns.

The list of ferns suitable for greenhouse culture is a very large one. We can supply hundreds of these varieties but as most of our customers have not hothouses or glasshouses, we confine our list to those ferns that may be grown on verandahs or in bushhouses.

We still have copies of our little booklet on the cultivation of ferns and palms which may be obtained free on application.

Adiantum Gracillimum.—A very fine fronded variety of Maidenhair Fern, very fine for baskets and pots, from 1/6.

Adiantum Cuneatum.—The hardiest of the maidenhair ferns, the fronds are very useful for making up bouquets of cut flowers, from 1/6.

Asplenium nidus.—"The Bird's Nest Fern."—This is the well-known Australian fern, found in our scrub forests and sheltered coastal valleys, growing on rocks and trees. The fronds often reach a length of six feet. The nest fern makes a very fine verandah plant when grown in a hollow log or bucket.

We can supply small plants of this at 1/6 post paid.

Asplenium Bulbiferum.—Although this fern is closely allied to the nest fern it is quite unlike it. It is a very graceful fern, growing well in the ground, or pot, in a bush house and forming little baby ferns on the ends of the fronds, 1/6 post paid.

Davallia.—The Davallia is usually known as the haresfoot fern from the peculiar hairy appearance of the creeping and clinging stems.

There are several species which we can supply, from 1/6 upwards.

Cyrtomium Rockfordi.—Fern lovers will find this a beautiful fern with dark green shiny holly-like fronds.

It is very suitable for verandah and bush house culture and for table use from 1/6.

Pteris winsetti.—"The Tassel Fern."—A very easily grown fern, with light green fronds spreading and doubling at the tips giving the appearance of a tassel. If frequently repotted into larger pots very fine specimen plants may be produced in the bush-house, from 1/6 each.

Pteris major.—"The Covent Garden Fern."—A fern similar to the above, but with larger and pointed "five finger fronds," 1/6.

TREE FERNS

These are very useful for large gardens and ferneries. We can supply small trunks of these, at from 2/6 upwards, but the freight or postage is extra on account of the variation in weight.

STAGHORN FERNS

Under this heading there are two different ferns known more particular as the "Staghorn" and the "Elkhorn." The latter has a pendant frond or horn and grows in a single specimen, while the former grows in overlapping clusters and has upright fronds. Price from 2/6 to 7/6, post extra.

NEPHROLEPIS FERNS

There are over twenty distinct varieties of this fern under cultivation by florists. They are all very beautiful and easy of cultivation.

Amongst the most distinct in form are:

N. amerpothii.—The Philadelphia lace fern.

N. marshalli.—Very fine leafed basket fern.

N. lycopodioides.—A new variety improvement on Marshalli.

N. rockfordi.—Hardy dark green variety.

N. rooseveldii.—Very erect.

N. whitmanni.—The ostrich plume fern.

Small plants at 1/6 each post paid. Larger plants post extra.

TREES

- (A)—Natives of Australia or New Zealand.
- Acacia Baileya* (A.)—20. Cootamundra. Wattle. 1/6.
- Acacia dealbata* (A.)—20. Tasmanian Wattle. 1/6.
- Acacia elata* (A.)—30. Very vigorous tree. 1/6.
- Acacia podalyriaefolia* (A.)—20. Queensland Wattle. 1/6.
- Acer platanoides*.—50. Norway Maple. 2/6.
- Acer polymorphum*—20. Japanese Maple. 2/6. Beautiful Autumn foliage.
- Acer saccharinum*—30. Sugar Maple. 3/-.
- Aesculus hippocastanum*—40. Horse Chestnut. 2/6.
- Araucaria Bidwilli* (A.)—100. Bunya Pine. 2/-.
- Araucaria excelsa* (A.)—150. Norfolk Island Pine. 2/-.
- Brachychiton acerifolia* (A.)—50. Flame Tree. 2/-.
- Calodendron capensis*—40. A magnificent flowering tree. 2/-.
- Camphora officinalis*—50. A fine hardy evergreen. 1/6.
- Castanospermum australe* (A.)—30. Moreton Bay Chestnut. 2/0. splendid tree for warm climates. 2/6.
- Cedrus atlantica*—80. Silver Cedar. 2/6.
- Cedrus deodara*—50. Himalayan Cedar. 2/6.
- Ceratopetalum gummiferum* (A.)—30. Sydney Christmas Bush; white flowers, turning pink at Christmas; does very well under cultivation 2/-.
- Cryptomeria elegans*—50. Japanese Cedar; foliage turns brown-red in Winter. 2/-.
- Cedrela australis* (A.)—50. Red Cedar. 2/6.
- Cupressus Lambertiana horizontalis*—30. Largely used as a hedge plant. Propagated from cuttings 4/- each.
- Cupressus Lambertiana horiz. aurea*—20. Golden Cypress. 5/- each.
- Cupressus Lawsoniana*—20. Very graceful. 2/-.
- Cupressus Macrocarpa*—50. Very fast grower. Lemon-scented Cypress. 1/6.
- Cupressus sempervirens*—40. Upright Cypress. 1/6.
- Cupressus torulosa*—50. From seeds. 2/- each. Cuttings, 3/-.
- Cytisus laburnum*—12 English laburnum. num. 2/-.
- Eleocarpus cyaneus* (A.)—25. Beautiful flowering tree. 2/-.
- Eucalyptus calophylla rosea* (A.)—25. Beautiful pink flowering gum. 1/6.
- Eucalyptus corynocalyx* (A.)—100. Sugar gum. 1/6.
- Eucalyptus ficifolia* (A.)—15. The magnificent scarlet flowering gum of W.A. 1/6.

- Eucalyptus globulus* (A.)—150. Blue gum. 1/6.
- Fagus (English Beech)*—50. For cool climates only. 2/6.
- Ficus Australis* (A.)—60. Port Jackson Fig. 2/-.
- Ficus Benjamina* (A.)—40. Weeping Fig. Warm climates only. 3/0.
- Ficus macrophylla* (A.)—60. Moreton Bay Fig. 2/-.
- Grevillea Hilliana* (A.)—20. White flowers. 2/-.
- Grevillea robusta* (A.)—40. Silky Oak. 1/6.
- Jacaranda mimosaeifolia*—30. Lavender bell-shaped flowers. 1/6.
- Juniper*—Various sorts. 2/-.
- Lophostemon Australis* (A.)—40. Tristania, Brush Box. Splendid shelter tree. 1/6 15/- doz. less 33 1-3-10/- nett.
- Macadamia ternifolia* (A.)—20. Queensland Nut. 2/-.
- Oak—See "Quercus."
- Paulownia imperialis*—20. Pale violet flowers. 2/6.
- Photinia serrulata*—20. Chinese Hawthorn. 1/5.
- Pinus insignis*—60. Splendid shelter tree. 1/5.
- Pittosporum* (4 varieties) (A.)—Hedge or shelter trees. 1/6 each.
- Pittosporum eugenoides variegata*—Leaves white and green 2/- each.
- Plantanus orientalis*—50. Plane Tree. 2/-.
- Populus* (4 sorts)—The Poplar, 1/6 each.
- Quercus* (6 varieties)—Including English and red-leaved America. 2/6.
- Salix Babylonica*—Weeping Willow. 1/6.
- Schinus molle*—20. Californian Pepper Tree. 1/6.
- Stenocarpus Cunninghami* (A.)—30. Queensland Fire Tree. 2/-.
- Sterculia diversifolia* (A.)—50. Kurrajong. 1/6.
- Syncarpha laurifolia* (A.)—60. Turpentine. 2/-.
- Ulmus*—Elm. 5 varieties, from 2/-.

SHRUBS

- Abutilon*—Chinese Lantern. 6 varieties. 1/6 each.
- Arbutus unedo*—Strawberry Tree. 2/-.
- Brugmansia Knightii*—Angel's Trumpet. 2/-.
- Buddleia Veitchiana*—Lilac flowers. 1/6.
- Callistemon* (A.)—Bottle Brush. Gorgeous scarlet flowering shrubs. 2/-.
- Cassia Candelleana*—Splendid yellow blooms. 1/6.
- Ceanothus divaricatus*—Blue. 3/-.
- Cholsya ternata*—Pure white. 2/-.
- Clianthus puniceus* (A.)—N.Z. Glory Pea. 2/-.
- Coprosma* (A.)—3 sorts; beautiful shiny foliage. 1/6 to 2/-.
- Crataegus*—Double Hawthorn. Pink, red, white. 2/- each.

Cydonia Japonica—Flowering Quinces.
Red, white, pink. 1/6 and 2/- each.

Daphne—Red and White. 3/- each.

Ductzia—Wedding Bells. 1/6 each.

Duranta Plumiera—Blue and White. 1/6.

Erthrina Christa Galli—Coral Tree. 2/-.

Euonymus (4 varieties) — Variegated leaves. 1/6 to 2/- each.

Gardenia (3 varieties)—Pure white. 2/-.

Hakea eucalyptoides (A.)—Red flowering shrub; strongly recommended. 2/-.

Hibiscus Evergreen (16 varieties)—Warm climates only. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

Heliotropes (4 sorts)—Dark and light. 1/6 each.

Ilex—English Holly. 2/-.

Ilex (variegated)—Gold and silver. 3/6 each.

Jasminum (4 sorts)—White and yellow. 2/- each.

Lagerstroemia (Crape Myrtle)—Pink, red, mauve. 2/6 each. White 3/-.

Laurus nobilis—Sweet Bay 2/-.

Lavandula—English Lavender. 1/6.

Magnolia fuscata—Port wine. 2/-.

Magnolia grandiflora—Large white. 2/-.

Magnolia decuduous—3/6 to 5/- each.

Melaleuca (A.)—Red Flowering Tea Tree. 2/.

Metrosideros tomentosa—N.Z. Christmas Bush. 2/-.

Murraia exotica (A.)—Native of Queensland. Pure white, scented flowers. 2/-.

Nerium—Oleander. 6 varieties, including semi-double white, pink, and yellow, double pink, single red, white and pink. 1/6 each.

Philadelphus—Mock Orange. 1/6 each.

Plumbago capensis—Blue and white. 1/6 each.

Poinciana Gilliesi—Bird of Paradise. 2/-.

Poinsettia pulcherrima—1/6.

Raphiolepis (3 sorts)—Very hardy white flowering. 1/6.

Spirea—May Single white, and double white. 1/6 each.

Syringa (Hilac)—Named varieties. All colours. Single and Double. 2/6 each.

Common Lilac—White or purple. 2/- each.

Tecoma (3 varieties)—Yellow flowers. 1/6

Telopea speciosis sima (A.)—The gorgeous Waratah. 5/- each.

Veronica (6 sorts)—1/6 each.

Viburnum tinus (Laurustinus)—1/6.

Weigela—White, pink, or red. 1/6 each.

Viburnum opulus—Guelder Rose. 2/-.

FAILURES IN PLANTS

We do not undertake to replace plants or seedlings lost through inexperience in planting, delay in transit, or from any cause beyond our control.



HARDY PALMS.

The history of the Lord Howe Island Palms or Kentias is a very interesting one, although that island is only a very small dot in the ocean it is the only place where this palm now grows wild. As a cultivated plant there is hardly an ornamental plant in the world that has a wider distribution. Millions of them are used for house plants.

Kentia Belmoriana.—The most popular table palm, hardy enough to grow on a verandah or in a bush house, yet doing well indoors when regularly watered.

Price from 1/6, post 6d.

Kentia Fosteriana.—The thatch palm, differing slightly from Belmoriana but equally useful for indoor use.

Price from 1/6 post 6d. extra.

Seaforthia elegans.—The bungalow palm, a hardy palm for outdoor or bush house planting. 2/6 Post 6d. extra.

Brahea filifera.—The Railway palm, often called in Australia the cotton palm, one of the hardiest in the coastal districts. 2/6, post 6d. extra. Prices of other palms on application.

Copy of letter from—

"Ularunda," Morven, Qld.

Herbert J. Rumsey, Dundas

Dear Sir,

By chance one day not long ago, we purchased from a firm of book-sellers three books of yours, A to Z of Australian Fruit Growing, the Australian Garden Fair, and the A. B. C. of Australian Vegetable growing, and we have never had before such completely satisfactory books—they have been an endless help to us, ignorant beginners as we are. Now, like Oliver Twist we have returned for more.

(Signed)

DON'T PICKLE WHEAT Use "BLIGHTY"

(Copper Carbonate or Burgundy Mixture.)

Experiments made by and on behalf of the N.S.W. Dept. of Agriculture, have proved that the use of a solution of Copper Sulphate for pickling wheat is much less satisfactory than the dry treatment in copper carbonate dust.

"The copper-sulphate frequently is responsible for killing badly injured grain. it delays germination in other cases, and thus gives the mould fungi an opportunity to enter and complete the destruction of the grain. Copper-carbonate dust, however, does not injure the grain at any time. On the other hand, there is evidence that the seedlings are actually stimulated by the treatment in the early stages of growth. The dust treatment effectually controls bunt, and because of its many other advantages is now strongly recommended for use instead of the wet bluestone pickle."—Govt. Gazette.

"SNUFFOTINE"

Deals death to Aphis, Slugs, and Snails. Cabbage growers for market recognise that it is practically impossible to do without it.

It is invaluable for bush-house and flower-garden, and in addition to its value as an Insecticide the following analysis shows its great value as a Fertiliser.

ANALYSIS OF "SNUFFOTINE."

Samples analysed showed—

	2 to 3 per cent.	nitrogen
	3 to 5	„ phosphoric acid
	5 to 8	„ potash
Equals	5 to 6 times as much	nitrogen as horse dung
	20 to 30	„ phos. acid
	30 to 40	„ potash

It may be dusted on to the plants while wet with dew, or 1½ pounds boiled in a gallon of water may be sprayed on plants.

3d. per lb. Post extra. 28lb. 4/- 1 cwt. 12/-, Freight extra.

Popular Varieties of Apples and Pears

Many Other Varieties Supplied.

1/6 each, 16/- per doz., 9/- half doz.

Special Quotations for Larger Quantities.

Not less than 6 of one sort at dozen rates.

Freight Extra.

APPLES

Apples marked C are seedlings originally raised in the Cumberland district, near Sydney, and are specially suited to warmer climates, though some of them do equally well in the highlands.

Carrington (C.)—A local very early apple splendid colour, rather soft, but first in the market. November to January. Blight proof.

Cleopatra, or New York Pippin—Greenish yellow, when ripe, good size and bearer.

Delicious—Dessert, early, beautiful dark red fruit, does not burn in the sun, and an excellent keeper; recommended. One of the finest dessert fruits.

Democrat (Tasma)—An Australian apple. Large, prolific, and of good colour. Late, good keeper, but rather coarse flesh.

Dunn's Favorite (Munroe)—Large size, kitchen, late.

Gravenstein—Large, early, a very good apple; best of its season for dessert.

Granny Smith (C.)—Kitchen, late, and an excellent market variety; good keeper. The Australian "dumpling" apple.

Grimes Golden—A fine large late yellow apple. Good cropper, sells well. Very popular in America.

Henry Clay—A large, very early yellow apple with crimson cheek. Free from blight.

Irish Peach—Medium size, dessert, early, hardy, non-blighter.

Jonathan—Medium size, dessert, late, beautiful fruit, late keeper; one of the best for general planting.

King David—Dark red with yellowish flesh, of splendid flavour and fine appearance.

London Pippins (Five Crown)—Medium, kitchen, dessert, blight proof, hardy, late, keeper.

McIntosh Red—Rich glowing crimson, snow white flesh, very full-flavoured; a most consistent cropper and good keeper, early.

Mobb's Royal (C.)—Large, kitchen, mid-season; tree hardy and most prolific.

Northern Spy—Dessert, late, blight-proof.

Pomme de Neige (also called Lady in Snow, and Fanny)—Medium size, dessert, medium early, suitable for export.

Rome Beauty—Large, dessert, late splendid, good keeper; one of the best.

Rymer—Large, dessert, kitchen, late, good culinary sort, showy and prolific. Aphid resistant.

Scarlet Pearmain—A popular export apple. Early, good bearer, yellow skin turning crimson on side exposed to sunlight.

Trivett's Seedling (C.)—Medium size, dessert, early, skin yellow, blight proof.

PEARS

ON PEAR SEEDLINGS.

China—Hardy, prolific, good cooking pear.

Clapp's Favourite—Very large and rich-flavoured, grand early pear, ripens before "Williams." One of the best to grow near Sydney.

Beurre Bosc—Large, skin smooth, dark yellow, buttery, March.

Kieffer's Hybrid—Cross between Williams and China, keeps well, February.

Packham's Triumph—Tree very vigorous growth, and a heavy bearer, commencing to fruit as early as a peach tree.

Williams' or Bartlett—The standard bottling pear, early.

Winter Bartlett—All know the famed "Williams" pear, and in the above we have a duplicate of Bartlett, but ripening at least three months later.

Deciduous trees (Apples, Pears, Peaches, Apricots, Cherries, etc.) should be ordered for delivery from June to August or September. Orders received during those months are sent in turn, orders at other times of the year are booked for June delivery.

APRICOTS

1/6 each, 16/- per doz. 9/- half doz.

Bobby Allen—Second early, ten days after Masculine, large.

Colorado (New)—Very large, handsome, and of good quality, heavy bearer; a splendid new apricot from the United States. 1/6 each.

Cattell's Early—A new apricot from the Penrith district; very early, and a good cropper. Said to be a great improvement on Allen's Early.

Hemskirk—Large good bottler flattened both sides, deep orange, middle December.

Japanese Apricot (New)—Fruit round and smooth; brownish red and very sweet; the growth is short, thick, with large foliage; distinct in appearance to any other apricot.

Newcastle—Early; a Californian variety; ripening end of November; large fruit of a fine yellow colour.

Moorpark—Large, juicy, reddish orange, end of December.

Riverside—Fruit very large; skin yellowish green, with red cheek where exposed; tree a strong grower, with short jointed wood; a sure bearer, and ripening before Moorpark.

Trevatt's—A new apricot from one of the irrigation areas, and highly recommended by the Department of Agriculture; fruit very large and sugary; good for drying and canning purposes.

PERSIMMONS

1/9 each, 18/- per doz. 10/- half doz.

Dia Dia Maru—Fruit of large size, square or four-sided, rather flattened; skin deep orange; flesh yellow; almost seedless; a fine variety; late.

Haycheya—Fruit very large, oblong, rather pointed; skin light red; an excellent and highly-flavoured variety.

Hayakume—Fruit very large, round, covered at the end with heavy russet; skin vermilion; flesh brown; rich and luscious; few seeds.

Jubilee—A very fine variety; raised in New South Wales; large, square-shaped; picked when ripening, and stored late.

Kuro Kumo—One of the largest in cultivation; tree growing vigorously; fruit nearly square; apple-shaped; ripening late.

Seedless—The best known in Sydney markets; colour yellowish red, and generally a prolific bearer.

Yemon—Large, flat, clear yellow, fresh orange; no seeds.

PLUMS

1/6 each, 16 - per doz. 9/- half doz

Angelina Burdett—Large, dark, purple freestone, prolific.

Blue Rock—Large and very rich fruit. One of the best.

Cherry—The earliest of all.

Evans' Early—Very early, enormous cropper, oval, purple.

Greengage—Splendid dessert, yellowish green.

Damson—Heavy cropper, fine for jam and sauce.

Excelsior—An improved Angelina Burdett.

Lutherborrow—Very large, prolific almost black (C.).

Miracle—The stoneless plum. Fruit long, black.

Orleans—Large purple, sweet.

Tibbett's Seedling—A good early market plum; enormous cropper (C.).

Prune de Agen—The popular preserving variety.

President—The fruit is large, oblong-shaped, over 2 inches long, beautiful purple colour, pretty bloom, and covered with white minute dots, flesh firm and sweet, and fruit perfect freestone.

Robe de Sergeant—Very similar to d'Agen in shape and colour, but larger and ripens 10 days earlier.

JAPANESE PLUMS.

1 6 each, 16/- per doz. 9/- half doz.

Ballena—Very large and early; colour is light yellow covered with crimson.

Beauty—It is the largest of the early Plums, ripening early in December. Fruit beautiful oval, crimson, with amber-crimson flesh.

Blood (Long)—A very large preserving plum. Early, heart shaped.

Burbank—Fruit large, round, skin yellow, fine flavour.

Doris—Very early Japanese plum. Good colour.

Early Jewel—A good black purple fruit, ripens in December.

October Purple—A very large early plum. Delicious flavour.

Paterson Late—The latest of all plums.

Santa Rosa—One of the best ever produced by Burbank. Deep purplish crimson coloured flesh, averaging six inches in circumference; clear golden skin, shaded purple.

Satsuma (Blood)—Rich, dark, red coloured flesh, medium size.

Shiro—Early. Fruit medium to large, clear light yellow, flesh firm and juicy.

Wickson—One of the best of this race; good flavour.

Wickson Seedling—Earlier than Wickson. Tree more spreading.

Wilson—Ripens last week November, round, good sized, highly coloured

Wright's Early—The earliest Japanese Plum extant; fruit identical with "Burbank"; habit more erect.

PEACHES

1/6 each, 16 - per doz., 9/- half doz.

Aunt Becky—Raised in Ryde, said to be an improved **Royal George** slipstone.

Blackburn—Yellow flesh, ripening before **Elberta**; highly recommended at Yanco as a first-class canning peach; splendid colour.

Briggs' Red May.—Earliest market Peach.

Carman.—A large early freestone peach of good colour and quality.

Christmas Box.—A fine December Peach.

Devlin's Red.—A very fine early red **Elberta**.—Queen of Peaches, fine for cooking, or dessert, freestone.

Edward VII.—Good market variety, medium size, ripens early in Nov.

Early Crawford.—Large yellow, a beauty, freestone, good canning.

Early Rivers.—Large, tender, pale yellow colour, very prolific.

Eureka.—A large well flavoured early peach, a good shipping peach, slipstone.

Gold Dust.—Large, round, yellow, with red cheek, rich yellow flesh, heavy bearer, and fine carrying variety. Clingstone.

Golden Queen.—A promising late canning peach, a good cropper; Fruit yellow to stone, cling.

Goodman's Choice.—This peach has created a great deal of interest the world over. We have had several inquiries from America about it. It is stated to be the best canning peach yet introduced. Large, prolific, cling, late, middle to the end of March.

Governor Rawson.—A seedling raised in the Ryde district, coming very early in bloom, and ripening early. This sort will do best in a high and frost-free position.

High's Early Canada.—This peach may be described as an improved **Briggs' Red May**; it is better than **Briggs' Red May** in many respects, and comes in in the cool districts in time for the Christmas market.

J. H. Hale.—Larger than **Elberta**; round, uniform shape; rich yellow, overlaid carmine; flesh texture of the cling, yet freestone; rine-grained; delicious flavour; grand shipper; first-class canner; ripens a week earlier than **Elberta**; good bearer.

La France.—A deep carmine juicy peach, ripe for Christmas, exquisite perfume.

Le Vainquer.—The earliest large fruiting peach, freestone.

Mayflower.—A new very early peach, ripening three weeks before "Briggs", fruit medium to large, very attractive coloring, a good packing peach, cling.

Mountain Rose.—A large early peach of good colour.

Flat China.—Fruit flat, freestone.

Princess Royal.—Fruit very large size, round, a little pointed; skin creamy white, deep red in the sun, a clingstone, ripening February.

Pullar's Cling.—Highly coloured, magnificent, very large, heavy bearer and hangs late; one of the best canning. end of January.

Ray.—This peach has had a chance to prove itself in Australia and has earned its place on the list. It is a white fleshed peach, with a beautiful Red cheek, the colour extending right into the flesh. Ray ripens much earlier than **Elberta**, and has proved to be a fine market peach.

Red Bird Cling.—A new early clingstone, ripe before Christmas, highly coloured.

Rowe's Champion Freestone.—A distinct mid-season variety by its good constitution and productiveness; large and handsome, with a brilliant crimson skin, highly flavoured.

Royal George.—Old favourite freestone,

Ruby Red.—A splendid peach, coming in for Christmas market; bright red colour; good shipper.

Shanghai.—Very large rich clingstone, third week in January.

Stark's Elberta.—Said to be a great improvement on the older type of **Elberta**. Larger, better, smaller stone, earlier and of fine color.

Triumph.—The earliest yellow-fleshed peach known. Ripens with **Briggs' May**.

Tuscan Cling.—The earliest yellow clingstone, good for canning. Ripe middle of January.

Yellow Italian Cling.—Very large, deep orange, red cheek, juicy, late.

Watts' Early Champion.—Local production of great merit, raised by Mr. C. Watts, of Dundas. It is a red freestone, ripening in favourable seasons before end of October. It is the first peach of the season in the Sydney market, and commands top prices. The tree is a strong grower and very prolific.

NECTARINES.

1/6 each, 16/- per doz., 9/- half doz.

Cooza.—The tree is a vigorous grower, and produces heavy crops of splendid fruit.

Elruge.—Large roundish, rich, juicy, freestone, early in January.

Fertile du Poitou.—Enormous fruit for a Nectarine, attaining about 8 inches round; skin smooth, yellow ground, marbled with purple red, and entirely red on the sunny side; flesh white, very fine, juicy, sugary, aromatic, free-stone.

Goldmine (L.).—A New Zealand seedling, and said to be the largest nectarine grown.

Hunt's Tawny.—Skin yellowish, with a deep purplish cheek in the sun; flesh orange, deep red at the stone; juicy.

Lady Carrington.—Large, very showy, clingstone, early in January.

Precoce de Croncets.—An early large fruited French Nectarine. Skin yellowish, with dark plum colouring.

CHERRIES

1/9 each; 18 - per doz.

ON MAZZARD STOCKS.

Early Lyons (E.)—Very large and solid ripening early.

Biggareau Napoleon—Large heart-shaped amber, juicy.

Florence—Large pale amber, bright red cheeks, late.

Ramen Olivar—Dark glossy red; flesh firm and sweet, very large, measuring up to 1 1/4 in in diameter; called the upright Lyons by some growers.

St. Margaret—The finest of all cherries, late, black purple flesh, very large.

OTHER FRUITS

Quinces—Missouri, Mammoth, Pear, Large Portugal. 1/6 each.

Figs—Black Genoa, Blue Provence, Brown Turkey and others. 1/6.

Bananas—Several sorts, 2/- to 2/6 each.

Custard Apple—Delicious, large fine flavour. 2/6.

Chinese Raisin—Flavour like raisin. 2/- each.

Guava—Yellow and purple. 2/- each.

Loquat—Herd's Seedling, very large. 2/- each.

Mulberries—English, Cape, and others. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Passion Fruit—9d. each; post extra; 7/6 dozen.

Banana and Mammoth.—See page 18.

Pomegranate.—Flourishing in Sydney and northwards. 1/6.

Tree Tomato—A valuable fruit; keeps well evergreen. 2/-; postage 6d.

NUTS

Almond—Several varieties. 2/- each.

Chestnut—Spanish, 2/-; Japanese, 2/6.

Filbert—Hazel, 2/- each.

Australian Nut—Every garden should have a plant of Australian Nut. They succeed anywhere and are not out of place in the shrubbery or on the lawn.

Walnut—Named varieties. 2/6.

Pecan—2/6.

BERRIES

Postage on berries from 6d. each to 1/6 dozen extra.

Currant—Black, white and red. 1/- each.

Gooseberry—A dozen varieties. 1/- each.

Raspberry—Several varieties. 5/- dozen 6d. each.

Blackberries—Lawton, 1/-; Himalaya, 1/6.

Logan Berry—1/- each; 9/- per dozen.

Dewberry—A trailing Blackberry; bears profusely. 1/- each.

FRUIT TREE COLLECTION

Our home garden selection has been a popular one for the last 18 years. Varieties have been selected by us, but the following list, selected by our Mr. Rumsey for the "Farmer and Settler" readers, will be found to be worth following:—

1. Apple, Granny Smith. The Australian Dumpling Apple.
2. Plum, Wickson. The largest and most prolific plum.
3. Pear, Packham's Triumph. Best Australian pear.
4. Peach, Elberta. Most useful peach, very large.
5. Apricot, Moorpark. Fine for cooking or dessert.
6. Quince, Large Portugal. Largest and best.
7. Apple, Jonathan. Beautiful fruit; does well anywhere.
8. Plum, Lutherborrow. The best jam plum extant.
9. Pear, Kieffer. Hardest and most prolific.
10. Nectarine, Goldmine. Large and sweet.
11. Persimmon Dai Dai Maru. Bun shaped, delicious.
12. Peach, Watt's Early Champion. Earliest, large and fine.
13. Apple, McIntosh. Red, white flesh; fine variety.
14. Peach, Pullar's Cling. Fine, late cooking peach.
15. Cherry Ramen Olivar. Or early apricot, if desired.
16. Fig, Brown Turkey.

Any three post free, 6/-, and six, post free, 10/6, any twelve, post free, 20/-, and the lot £1/7/6.

Posted to other States, 2/6 extra.
Packing free.

GRAPE VINES

As under the Phylloxera regulation, we may not send grape vines from the County of Cumberland, they cannot go forward with fruit trees.

We have arranged, however, for a small assortment to be posted direct from a country nursery at 1/- each, 10/ dozen, post paid.

ORANGES.

2/- each; 20/- per doz.

St. Michael.—Large, smooth thin skin, juicy, profitable.

Parramatta.—Grown in this district for eighty years, most productive.

Siletta.—Large, round, hardy, enormous cropper, juicy.

Late Valencia.—Large oblong fruit, rich fruit of best quality.

Joppa.—One of the best of recent importations from California; good grower;

Jaffa.—New sort from California, strong, vigorous grower.

Mediterranean Sweet.—Remarkable for its early bearing and excellent flavour; very prolific.

Navels and Imported Sorts.

2/- each; 20/- per doz.

Washington Navel.—Finest orange grown seedless.

Navalencia.—New, hardy, later than Washington Navel.

Golden Nugget Navel.—One of the latest introductions from California; fruit very smooth and solid; skin very thin seedless; foliage beautiful; ripens early and carries well.

Groverly Navel.—Queensland seedling recommended by Mr. Benson, the fruit expert, as being a constant cropper, of highest quality fruit.

Thompson's Improved Navel.—Fruit of medium size, smooth and thin-skinned; comes early into bearing, and ripens early; a good market variety.

Twelve assorted Citrus Fruit Trees, our choice, sent post or rail for 26/6.

Citrus Trees should be ordered for delivery in Autumn, February or March, and in Winter or Spring, June to September. In cold districts the young trees should be protected during the first few months.

LEMONS.

2/- each; 20/- per doz.

Common.—Hardy, persistent bearer.

Lisbon.—The favourite market variety.

Sweet Rind.—A variety well liked for its quality; fruit fine skin, and growing to a good, even size.

MANDARINS.

2/- each; 20/- per doz.

Beauty of Glen Retreat.—An enormous cropper, of large size and delicious flavour; recommended for warm localities.

Canton, or Scarlet.—Very large, flat, deep red colour.

Early Imperial.—Similar to "Thorny" but larger and earlier to ripen.

Emperor.—Largest tree, spreading, market variety.

Muscio's Seedling.—This Mandarin has drawn the attention of all who have seen it to its excellent quality, and whenever it has been available it has always topped the market.

Thorny.—Best flavoured, flat, medium sized.

Oonishu.—Hardy, stands frost, suits mountain districts.

Ellendale Beauty.—Huge size, with thin skin, pale in colour.

Jacob's Special.—Fruit firm, sweet, and juicy; ripens very early.

Fewtrell's Early.—Flavour more like an orange; thin skinned and very heavy cropper.

Parker's Special.—Of large size and excellent quality; ripens very early.

Preserving and Other Varieties.

2/6 each; 27/6 per dozen.

Shaddocks.—Used principally for preserving; the fruit is of large size and rich in juice.

Seville.—This is considered much the best variety for preserves; the fruit is large, rather flat and solid, and makes excellent marmalade.

Citronella.—This is sometimes called the sour orange; it looks like a mandarin but tastes like a lemon. Makes a splendid preserve.

GRAPE FRUIT**IMPROVED POMELO.**

2/6 each. 27/6 dozen.

Marsh Seedless.—Medium size, thin rind. 2/6. Used largely as a breakfast delicacy, but makes delicious preserves.

Triumph.—A fine variety, preferred to Marsh Seedless by many.

For assistance in choosing the variety read the A. B. C. of Australian Fruit-growing, by Herbert J. Rumsey. Posted. 2/1.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

Strawberry Plants.

We would advise our clients in all cases, to choose two or more varieties of strawberry for planting, for the sake of pollination. Some sorts are naturally self-fertile, while most sorts set their fruit better when another variety is grown near them.

FOUR SPECIAL STRAWBERRIES.

RHODES SPECIAL—This variety is one of the most valuable strawberries we have ever come across, as, by its use, we can, in the coastal districts, secure a crop of strawberries all the year round. During two winters, we were never a day without ripe strawberries from our Rhodes' Special. The fruit is of fair average size, of fine flavour.

The plants are enormously prolific, and begin to put on a crop very quickly after planting out. The fruit is rather tender to summer heat, and where the climatic conditions are not suitable for winter fruiting, it should be specially treated to fruit in spring or autumn.

Price, 2/6 per dozen; 25 for 4/6; 100 for 10/6, post or rail paid. Special quotations per thousand.

ILLAWARRA—This famous strawberry as its name implies, was raised on the South Coast of N.S.W. After some years' experience it has proved one of the most popular varieties grown. Illawarra has a fine sturdy plant bearing freely large dark red berries, the fruit carries fairly well and makes a very handsome market berry. By planting the beds at different times a succession of fruit may be obtained. Illawarra comes very quickly into bearing the spring planted runners are bearing fine fruit in early summer and autumn.

Price, 2/6 per dozen; 25 for 4/6; 100 for 10/6, post or rail paid. Special quotations per thousand.

FENDALCINO (Etters)—This is one of the famous American hybrids. It is more of the shape of King Edward VII. than of any other variety we know of, yet totally distinct from that variety. Fendalcino is by far the most

handsome berry we have seen, as well as one of the best-flavoured. It is so prolific that the large berries heap up on one another round the stem of the plants. The colour of the fruit is dark red, with a bright, varnished appearance.

Price, 2/6 per dozen, 10/6 per 100, post paid.

Just as we were revising this page for the 1925 catalogue, a grower came in full of enthusiasm for Fendalcino; it was the best fruit, the best runner maker, and, early in January when every other berry had finished, Fendalcino was giving him good crops.

EURESKO (Etters)—An ever-bearing type of strawberry of good flavour; deep red, seeds golden yellow. Fine for fruit drinks and making jam on account of its rich colour. A strong grower, and very productive. Being a deep rooter, it is well suited to dry climates, or dry seasons. Plants are very fine. Stock limited.

Price, 2/6 per dozen, 10/6 per 100, post paid.

Our Special Strawberry Collection.

25 plants of each of the above four varieties, freight paid anywhere, for 11/-.

100 of each for £1/17/6, freight paid.

Experimental Collection.

1 dozen plants of each of any 12 varieties priced on our list, freight or postage paid, for 20/-.

As we are growing so many varieties of strawberry, it is not possible within the limits of a catalogue to describe them all. We would advise all our customers who care to know more about the different varieties of strawberry and their cultivation to obtain "The Australian Book of Berries," by Herbert J. Rumsey, which may be obtained post free for 1/1.

RECENT INTRODUCTIONS.

2/6 per doz.; 10/6 per 100 post paid.

Hundred lots may consist of two varieties at same price.

BEADERARENA.—A distinct strawberry of extra flavour, very large under suitable conditions. Fruit gets very sugary as it dries. Best without much cultivation. Must have another variety near to pollenise it.

ETTERSBURG 89.—The most prolific of all strawberries, each plant setting from 100 to 800 blossoms, and if well manured and cultivated producing immense numbers of large fruit of fine quality. This is by far the best variety for jam and preserving, and should have a place in every garden.

GENERAL BIRDWOOD.—A valuable locally-raised berry. The fruit is particularly large and handsome. A continuous bearer. May be planted out from February to October with expectations of fruit the first season.

ROSE ETTERSBURG.—This variety is said to have, in America, produced up to eight tons of fruit per acre. It has done very well in New Zealand, but has not proved a heavy cropper here.

ABUNDANCE.—A very heavy cropping variety.

KLONDYKE.—The leading market berry of the Southern States of America. The plant is a vigorous grower, and quite healthy. It bears a good crop, and the berries are medium to large in size.

WHITE CHILEAN or **Hautboy.**—We have at last secured stock of a strain of this old berry which has been described in the "Book of Berries." It is hardy and of good flavour, carries well.

STANDARD VARIETIES.

7/6 per 100; post paid, 10/-..

ANNETTA.—Large fruit, bright shining red, of delicious flavor, not only stands frost and drought, but being of Queensland origin, does well in warmer parts.

AURIE.—Another Queensland berry, with large, highly colored fruit, very sweet. It bears a second crop in autumn in suitable localities.

CRESSWELL'S SEEDLING.—Bears large fruit of a glossy red color; a good second early, and a fair market berry.

DR. MORERE.—Sometimes called Dr. Moore or Dr. Moree. A berry of the Cresswell type, but of much finer flavor. It is a heavy cropper, and is not only a superb berry for home use, but good for market.

GLENFIELD BEAUTY.—A medium-sized berry of local origin.

GANDY.—A very good berry for heavy soils; not a heavy cropper, but of fine quality.

WILLIAM BELT.—A beautiful berry with yellow seeds contrasting with bright red fruit. Rich, juicy and meaty, of fine flavour, foliage quite distinct. A great cropper.

FEDERATION.—A Queensland variety, noted for its drought resisting qualities.

KING EDWARD VII.—Bears extra long, very fine berries; continues its cropping for a longer period than most sorts. The color of the fruit is a deep vermillion, and it is a very fine variety for home or market.

MALAKOFF.—A very early strawberry—plants of showy growth, and producing great crops of marketable berries. The fruit is dark plum red colour, and very rich in flavour.

MARGUERITE.—One of the oldest and best known berries, very attractive and growing to very large size. Good for local markets but not a good packing variety for distant markets. It has yielded up to £350 worth of fruit per acre.

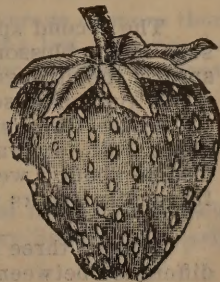
MELBA.—A variety of recent introduction, doing particularly well in some places. It ripens early, and bears continuously.

TRIUMPH DE GAND.—A French variety of berry that has put up some wonderful records in both France and England.

WILDWOOD.—A new berry recently introduced from America where it is becoming very popular as a market berry.

PHENOMENAL.—A berry that does well in some localities. At one time it was thought that it would entirely supersede Cresswell's seedling, but other good varieties have shared the honour.

The Australian
Book of Berries, by
Herbert J. Rumsey.
Price 1/-. Posted,
1/1. Deals largely
with strawberries.



HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.



Blighty
REG TRADE MARK.

SPRAYING MIXTURE
MOND NICKEL CO. LTD., MFGS.

FOR
PREVENTION
OF
FUNGUS DISEASES
IN
TOMATOES, POTATOES,
GRAPE VINES,
FRUIT TREES
& ALL GARDEN & FIELD PLANTS.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY,
ADDERTON ROAD, — DUNDAS.
Agent for NEW SOUTH WALES.

"BLIGHTY"

Sole manufacturers for Australia and N. Z.:
Herbert J. Rumsey, Dundas, N.S.W.

Agents everywhere —

Ask your storekeeper for it.

"BLIGHTY" is the best preparation of Copper Carbonate for treating fungus diseases in plants.

For BUNT and SMUT

A pound packet of "Blighty" is sufficient to treat 8 bushels of wheat oats, barley or other seeds. The dry powder should be thoroughly mixed with the seed so that each grain gets a coating of the copper dust.

"Blighty" is prepared under a chemical formula that ensures a mixture which when applied to fruit trees, potato and tomato plants either in solution or dry, it will have no harmful effects on the foliage or fruit.

Prices of "Blighty"

Strong cartons containing 1lb. 1s. 9d.
post paid 2s. 3d.

Seven pounds @ 1s. 9d. per pound
freight extra.

Special quotes for large lots.

FOR WINTER SPRAY ON FRUIT TREES.

When there are no leaves on the trees, the spray may be much stronger than at other times. The first spray of the season for fruit trees may be made with 1lb. of "Blighty" to 3 gallons of water. This is the strongest solution that need be made, and is only for dormant trees.

SUMMER SPRAYING.

The second spray for fruit trees is given just as the first sign of "pinking" is seen in the blossom buds, and before any of them unfold. For this, and subsequent sprays, the strongest solution required is 1lb. "Blighty" to 6 gallons of water.

If fungous diseases are bad, a third spray may be given a fortnight later.

These three sprayings should be looked upon as essential for a full crop of clean fruit. In warm, moist seasons, another spraying with "Blighty" may be advisable about a week before the fruit ripens. This will prevent the loss which so frequently occurs while the fruit is in the cases on its way to market.

POTATOES AND TOMATOES.

Two or three sprayings with "Blighty" Mixture will frequently make all the difference between a full crop and no crop at all. 1lb to 6 gallons will usually be found strong enough, but in moist climates the stronger solution will be better.

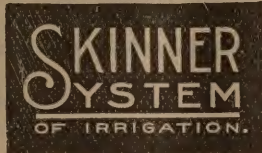
RUMSEY'S SEED CATALOGUE (1925).

Irrigation Supplement

TO

RUMSEY'S SEED CATALOGUE

Australian



Headquarters

IRRIGATION NECESSARY.

As far back as 1845 a celebrated European scientist named Count Strezlecki visited Australia, and after investigation he wrote:—"Irrigation then becomes the first measure with which the agricultural improvement of Australia should begin."

It has taken us nearly eighty years to realise this, but any person who visits the irrigation settlements at Yanco, Leeton, Griffith and Curlwa in N.S.W., Mildura, Shepparton and other similar areas in Victoria; and Renmark and the other Murray River settlements in South Australia, must admit that the application of water will turn even the desert into fruitful orchards and vineyards. Water puts the breath of life into apparently dead soils.

While the irrigation settlements have proved valuable object lessons and have made thousands of prosperous settlers, it should not be implied that the only way to start irrigation is on one of these settlements. On the contrary, there are thousands of spots where a river or a creek abuts on a few acres of tillable soil and a small expenditure for oil engine and pump will give an efficient supply of water.

It is in cases like this where the Skinner System makes the best distributing method. No tank or reservoir is required, but the pump forces the water directly into the irrigating pipes.

Then again around the cities and towns where there is a piped water supply the connection need only be made to the mains and water can be distributed over large gardens.

We are still setting the pace with Skinner irrigation, an average of more than one installation per working day for over two years. During the last two months of 1923 over 10,000 Skinner Nozzles were installed; most of them in small gardens, and during 1924 "skinner" has increased in popularity.

Skinner installations have been erected all round the coast from Port Darwin to Perth. Along the Murray from above Albury to below Murray Bridge, on nearly every coastal river and most of the interior streams.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

It has been found in practise that where the Skinner System is used methodically, about three hours watering once in ten days is usually sufficient. In a very dry time when the rainfall is altogether lacking it may be necessary to use twice that amount, and for beds of seedlings and shallow rooting plants even more frequently.

As the pressure increases above ten pounds and up to 45 pounds the spray improves, above that the extra pressure merely makes a finer spray which does not throw quite so far.

With less than 20 lb. pressure the lines should be 40 feet apart, with 20 lbs., 50 feet and, up to 45 pounds 56 feet, with 75 pounds and over that limit should be 50 feet.

The No. 3 Skinner Greenhouse Nozzle uses about 35 gallons per minute per 100 nozzles.

The 50 Degrees Nozzle is seldom used out of doors, the mist is too fine and blows away with the wind.

HOW TO INSTALL THE SKINNER SYSTEM.

If you wish to know what it will cost you to install the Skinner system in your garden or in your farm write to us giving the following particulars:—

LENGTH OF PLOT TO BE WATERED.

Any length up to 500 feet may be watered with one line.

WIDTH OF PLOT TO BE WATERED.

With normal pressure each Skinner pipe will water a strip 50 feet wide.

SOURCE OF WATER. River, Creek, Well, Bore, Tank or City Supply.

DESCRIBE YOUR ENGINE AND PUMP. (If you have one already).

WHAT SIZED PIPES ARE ALREADY INSTALLED.

HEIGHT OF GARDEN ABOVE WATER LEVEL. (If River, Creek or Well).

HEIGHT OF SUPPLY TANK ABOVE GARDEN.

CAPACITY OF TANK. (A tank is not necessary if none exists).

PRESSURE OF CITY SUPPLY.

The pressure is always less at tops of hills and greater in the valleys.

DRAW A SKETCH.

It does not matter how rough, showing these particulars and the position of water and distance from garden.

GIVE ANY PARTICULARS likely to affect the installation, such as level of ground, etc.

If when engine and pump are required it is to supply house, stock, etc., give particulars.

NOTE.—State if you require:—

1. Price and quantities for Skinner fittings only.
2. Price for irrigating lines drilled and fitted ready for erection.
3. Price for complete installation including engine and pump if necessary.

ENGINES AND PUMPS.

Our Special Irrigation Catalogue deals with Engines and Pumps for lifting water from rivers and creeks for Garden Irrigation.

FREE ON APPLICATION.

RUMSEY'S SEED CATALOGUE (1925).



SILVER STREAM NOZZLES.

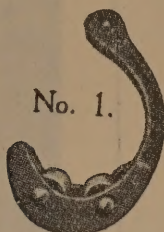
The illustrations above show the out-door nozzle, both in section and perspective, just a little smaller than actual size.

Many thousands of these nozzles have been used in Australia, and extensions are being made at the rate of nearly 5,000 nozzles per month.

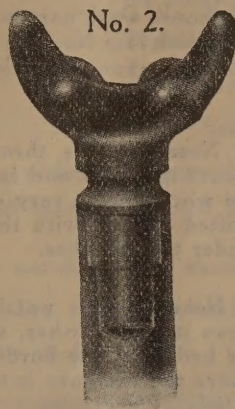
The nozzles are practically unstopplable, and being nickel-plated do not corrode. They throw out a rainlike spray to a distance of 25 feet from the pipe, and by the use of our turning union the pipe is revolved to water either side on the centre.

Since we introduced "Skinner Irrigation" to Australia in 1913 it has gone ahead with leaps and bounds. Every nursery of note has installed it. Hundreds of poultry farmers have proved it effective in growing lucerne, the best and cheapest of all egg foods.

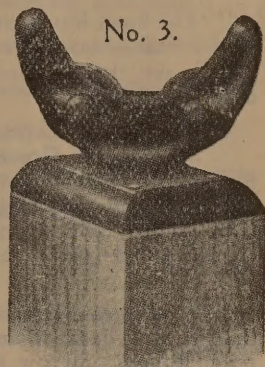
The great invention of the Skinner Nozzle, which has since been developed and improved to a state of perfection hitherto unthought of, has been responsible for a new era in the irrigation of small gardens, orchards, nurseries and farms.



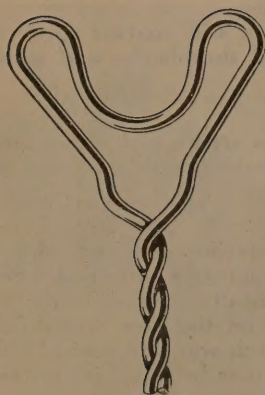
No. 1.



No. 2.



No. 3.



WIRE SUPPORT

Supports for Nozzle Lines.

The simplest way for installing the nozzle lines is by setting sapling or sawn posts in the ground from two to seven feet high, arranging them in straight lines, on the top of which the nozzle lines are placed. Into the top of these posts should be placed our frictionless supports for keeping the pipes in position and facilitating their rotation. These posts should be sufficient to hold the pipe rigidly and should be installed about fifteen or twenty feet apart according to size of nozzle line.

The nozzle lines in orchard irrigation should be about six and one-half or seven feet above the ground, if the grower desires to cross-cultivate under them.

HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.

WIRE SUPPORTS.

Where it is desired to economise on short lines up to 100 feet in length in the vegetable garden, and where the greater expense of the frictionless support is not desired a cheaper support is made of galvanised wire. This screws into a 3/8th-in. hole in the top of the posts.

A NEW NOZZLE.

It is sometimes inconvenient to extend the irrigating pipe to the exact end of the garden; room may be required to get a horse or tools past the end of the pipe. The disadvantage of this is overcome by the use of the "end nozzle," which sends out three sprays at different angles in the same line.

In places where the prevailing winds blow the end sprays back and keep that part dry the "end nozzle" will be found advantageous. It can be supplied to screw into the ordinary nozzle hole or with a tap attachment to turn it off when not required.

Prices—End nozzle, 1/6 each; do. (with tap), 5/- each.

OTHER NOZZLES

For bush house and glass house work narrow beds and portable sprinklers, our Greenhouse No. 3 is used. There are three types of the greenhouse nozzle detailed as follows:

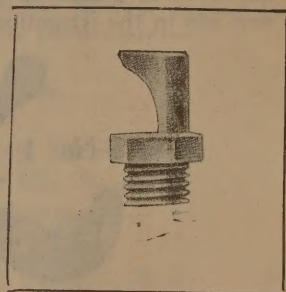
50 Degree Greenhouse Nozzle.—This throws a fine mist to a distance of about eight feet and is suitable for bush and greenhouse work and is very effective. The misty spray is drifted around with the air currents and getting even under the benches.

70 Degree Greenhouse Nozzle.—This nozzle throws a rather coarser stream than the 50 degrees and throws it a bit farther, up to about 12 feet. It is used for palm houses, narrow nursery beds, narrow borders and portable border sprays and such like work. In cases where the pressure is too low for O.D. Nozzles the 70 degrees will sometimes give satisfactory results.

80 Degree Greenhouse Nozzle.—This nozzle throws a still coarser spray and to a distance of about 16 feet. It is useful for lawns and shrubberies and general out-door work with fixed lines or portable sprays.

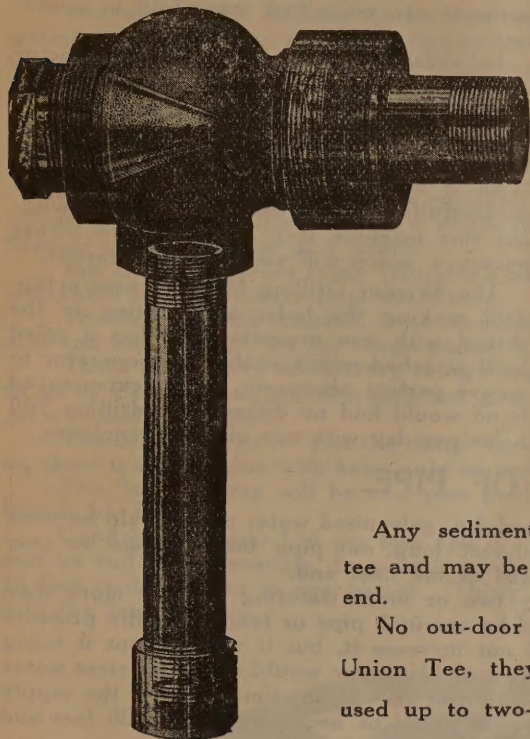
The Greenhouse Nozzles are constructed to break the streams of water into a spray as they leave the nozzle while the out-door nozzle breaks it with the force they strike the air.

One of Sydney's best gardeners made a test, watering one bed with the Skinner System and the next with the hose; both were apparently saturated. Seeds were sown in these beds within less than a week there were dry patches in the hose watered bed, and within ten days the effect of the water on the hose watered bed had disappeared altogether, while the Skinner watered patch was still moist. The meter record of water used was slightly more for the Skinner bed, but its watering value was more than double.



THE UNION TEE

One of the most valuable parts of the Skinner System is the Union Tee. A connection with a movable joint and a lever handle enabling the pipe to be turned over, throwing the water to one side or the other as required.



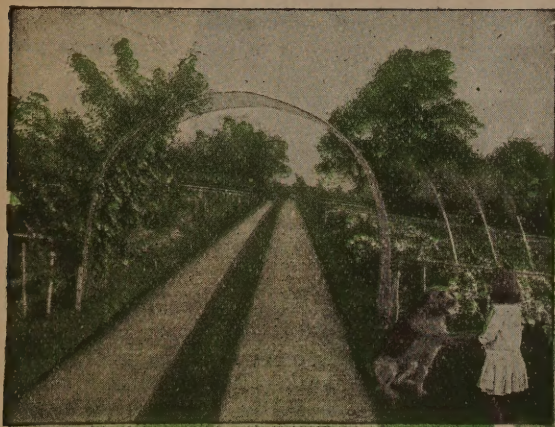
The judicious use of this fitting enables a single pipe to have double the watering capacity and in windy weather enables the gardener to throw the rain like spray just where it may be required.

The packed joint in this fitting lasts for many years without attention.

The Union Tee also carries a strainer which prevents small impurities in the water being carried to the nozzles.

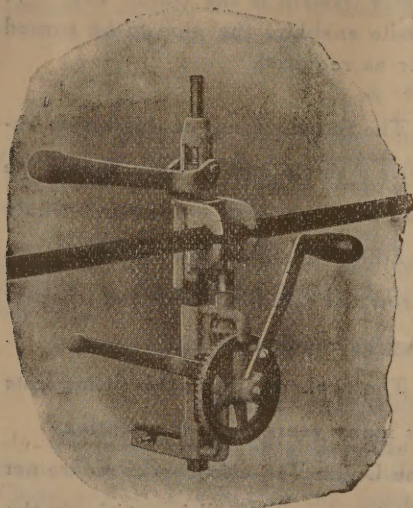
Any sediment accumulates in the handle of the tee and may be cleaned by removing the cap at the end.

No out-door line should be erected without the Union Tee, they are made to fit all sizes of pipe used up to two-inch,



A Child Can Water
the Garden

SKINNER DRILLING MACHINE.



The fullest success of a Skinner System depends on the accuracy with which the nozzles are placed in the pipe. Slight inaccuracies are magnified many-fold in operation.

In order that an inexperienced erector away from the reach of the experts might encounter no difficulty in securing the greatest accuracy, there has been developed and patented a special machine for this work. With it anyone can, with reasonable care, successfully install a Skinner System. Without this machine it is impossible to secure accuracy which will yield the best results.

The Skinner Drilling Machine uses a tap-drill making the holes and putting in the thread with one operation. It has a spirit level attached which enables the operator to secure perfect alignment. An experienced hand would find no difficulty in drilling 500 holes per day with one of these machines.

SIZE OF PIPE.

No pipe smaller than the standard $\frac{3}{4}$ in. galvanised water pipe should be used. If the watering pipe is more than 100 feet long, our pipe tables should be consulted and one inch or larger pipes used as the inlet end.

If the service line is to supply two or more watering lines or more than 100 feet in one watering line, it should be one-inch pipe or larger. If the pressure is low at the source larger pipes will not increase it, but it will prevent it being reduced by friction. For instance, 50 feet of $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. pipe would allow sufficient water to go through it at 30 lbs. pressure to water an acre at one time, while if the supply pipe is 100 feet long or more, a 2 in. pipe would be necessary up to 400 feet and beyond that $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. for the same amount of water.

At 20 lbs. pressure the Skinner O.D. Nozzle will take $13\frac{1}{2}$ hours to put an inch of water on the land.

100 Skinner O.D. Nozzles will at a 20 lb. pressure deliver 20 gallons per minute.

At 4 feet apart 200 nozzles are required to the acre, at 3 feet apart the distance now usually adopted, 250 are required to the acre.

A notion often held, but still altogether wrong is that the capacity of the tank affects the pressure.

A pipe leading from a bucket of water on a stand twenty feet high will produce exactly the same pressure as the same depth in a 10,000 gallon tank, neither more nor less, the only difference will be that the tank will supply the water at that pressure for a longer time.

Pressure is merely difference between the water levels. A column of water 46 feet high will produce a pressure of approximately 20 lbs. per square inch.

If water is being pumped into a high tank the pressure in the pipe at the pump level will be the same as the pressure from the tank. If your engine power and pump will put the water into a tank 46 feet high, above the pump it will supply the water at the same pressure at the pump even though the tank is taken away.

The Saucer Sprinkler

SKINNER SYSTEM

The aim of the Skinner system has been to take up every aspect of garden watering and irrigation, and the varied range of Skinner nozzles has made it possible to provide for everything from the small vegetable or flower garden to the ten or hundred acre orchard or lucerne patch.

There are, however, conditions in connection with garden work where a sprinkler on the end of a hose which may be brought out for use and put away again out of the way has its advantages.

For such conditions the Saucer sprinkler is by far the best that has so far been invented. It throws the water in a circle thirty to forty feet in diameter, like 75 Skinner outdoor nozzles in a bunch.

Just the fine Skinner spray (Rumsey's Rain) that come likes a summer shower, attachable to the ordinary hose connection.

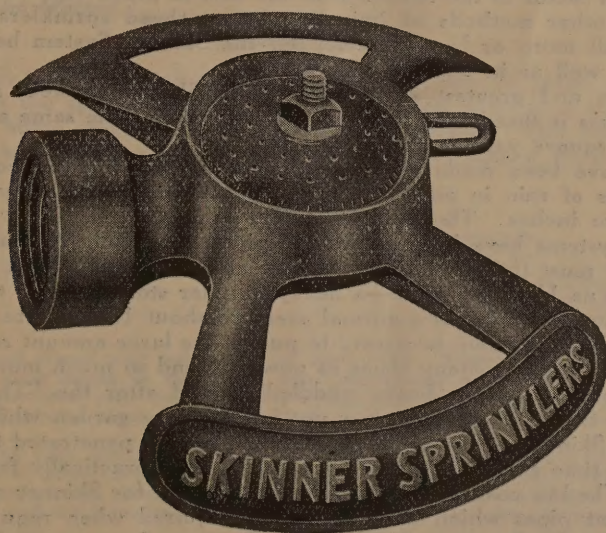
The Saucer is the simplest, least complicated spray that is made. It is unstopable and everlasting. Its flat shape makes it suitable for grass or garden.

There is one very satisfactory thing about the saucer spray. It is light enough to go by Parcels Post, and if it does not give satisfaction you may post it back and get a refund of the cost.

The Saucer spray is "just the thing" for the small garden, and to make it more so, there is a spare disc with holes only on one side, to throw the water into corners.

The Saucer spray will be sent post paid anywhere in Australia or the Pacific Islands for 7/6.

Good $\frac{3}{4}$ hose costs 1/6 per foot and 2/- extra for connections. This is usually sent by rail where possible, by post it would cost 1/- per 10 feet extra, and only 30 feet could be sent in one parcel. Thirty feet is the best length of hose to use with the Saucer spray.



HERBERT J. RUMSEY, Seed Merchant, Dundas, N.S.W.



STRAWBERRIES UNDER SKINNER IRRIGATION.

ECONOMY IN IRRIGATION.

If the cost of pumping the enormous amount of water that is wasted in the furrow and flooding systems were set off against the interest on the cost of pipes and fittings for the Skinner System, we are quite sure that the Skinner System would prove the most economical in most cases. The cost and inconvenience of bridges and culverts over channels too is a great disadvantage with the open channel system.

The advent of the Hume System of manufacturing re-inforced concrete pipes has been a great factor in the reduction of the cost in piped supplies.

Several other methods of irrigation by overhead sprinklers have been devised and are all more or less effective, but the Skinner System beats them all in effectiveness as well as in cheapness.

The first and greatest advantage of the Skinner System above all other sprinkling systems is that every square yard watered has the same amount of water as every other square yard in the same plot.

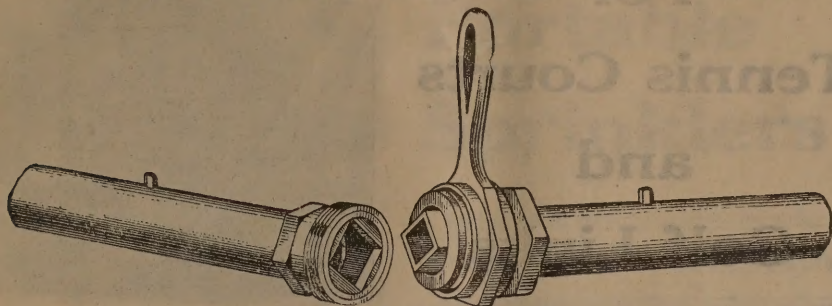
Tests have been made with other methods showing the equivalent of ten or twelve inches of rain in one spot, while only a few yards away there has only been one or two inches. The Skinner waters evenly.

Other systems have large expensive pipes, too costly to make complete installations; they must therefore water quickly and be moved along. Some of these put on as much as $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. per hour—a heavy thunder storm—while the Skinner puts on a summer shower, taking at a normal pressure about 12 hours to put on an inch.

The engine and pump necessary to put on the large amount required by these other systems is therefore many times as powerful and so much more expensive.

The tramping on the heavy puddled ground after the "Thunderstorm" to move the pipes to the next place does not improve the garden while the "Summer shower" of the Skinner System is so light that it has all penetrated to a great depth without at any time puddling the surface and is thus practically free from loss by evaporation. The low cost of the small pipes necessary for Skinner makes it possible to fix permanent pipes which are just where required when required and in less than two minutes "a Summer shower" may be turned on any part of the garden where it is installed.

SKINNER SYSTEM FOR THE SMALL OWNER



Quick-Acting Brass Coupling

Complete Lines—Semi-Portable.

In the large commercial installation of the Skinner System, it is sometimes more economical for the purchaser to buy the special Skinner accessories and secure the pipe and standard fittings locally and do his own work.

Convenience of Installation.

To accommodate the small user, complete lines can be furnished including pipe, standard nozzles and special Skinner fittings, with everything complete ready to assemble. It is contemplated that the purchaser furnish the posts for the line, and connect the water to it. Single lines can be furnished with our new quick acting couplings which eliminates the use even of the usual pipe fitting tools. Large units can be furnished either with standard couplings or with the special quick acting couplings. Where these latter are used, the problem of attaining perfect alignment in the nozzles is taken care of as the pipes can not go together wrong. With equipment using standard couplings this can be accomplished by the exercise of slight care on the part of the erector.

Portability.

The Skinner System quick acting coupling permits of ready assembling and disassembling of the sprinkling line. It can be taken down and re-assembled in a few minutes on some other plot as occasion may demand. This coupling is an additional refinement, adding to the convenience of the Skinner System for the small user.

EXTRACT FROM LETTER FROM ARTHUR W. TRUSCOTT

"Pentewan,"

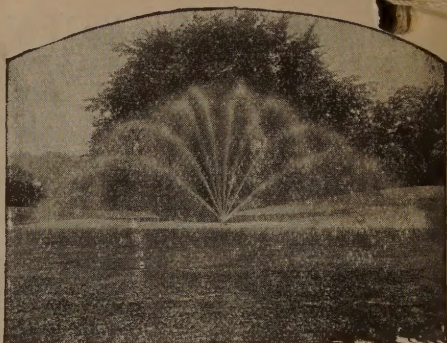
Sawpitt Creek,
Kilkivan,
Queensland.

Dear Sir,—

A personal friend and neighbour of mine, Mr. Albert Hicks, has highly recommended your seeds to me and I have personally seen such good results in his garden here from your seeds, that I have taken the liberty to write you and ask if you will kindly send me to the above address, one of your up-to-date seed catalogues.

Some time ago, while on a visit to Sydney, I was fortunate in buying two or three copies of your excellent little book "A.B.C. of Gardening," and my brother and I and friends have profited from its reading, and we are grateful to you for its publication and we have recommended your books to our friends and will continue to do so.

For Tennis Courts and Golf Links



THE PEACOCK SPRINKLER.

The Peacock type of Lawn Sprinkler is suitable for Large Lawns, Tennis Courts and Golf Links, as well as for public parks. Each section waters a strip 15 feet long and 60 feet wide. Two or three sections may be connected by a flexible joint to water an irregular shaped lawn. The Peacock section is 12½ feet long, mounted on a pair of wheels at one end, so that it may be wheeled from one stand-pipe to another. The nozzles are our O.D. Silver Stream in sets of seven. There is nothing to wear out about it. It is attached to the ordinary garden hose. Prices from £4/17/6.

PEACOCK SPECIAL FOR TENNIS COURTS.

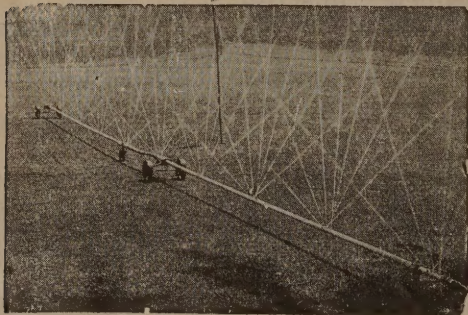
The Peacock Special as made up for tennis courts has solved this difficult watering problem. The Peacock Special is about 18 feet in length and of 1 inch pipe. It requires at least 1½ inch service from the main or water supply to provide sufficient water. Price, £6/-/-.

PARK WATERING.

Peacock Sprinklers or Specials may be connected together with short hose connections and made to cover quite a large area at one time.

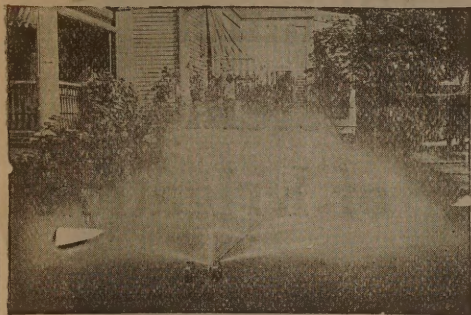
The Peacock distributes the water freely and uniformly like a steady rainfall. There is nothing better for a good growth of grass. A few hours watering with a Peacock Sprinkler will saturate well below the roots of the grass and leave a store of water to keep the growth going for a week or ten days.

The Peacock will water at almost any pressure, the only difference being the amount of ground covered. At 25lbs. pressure it covers a strip 70 feet in width, each section of the ordinary "Peacock" covering 15 feet and the Special about 20 feet.



CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

Let us know your watering problems. We can help you to a solution.



Portable Sprinklers

SKINNER SYSTEM

LAWN MIST

The Skinner Lawn Mist is a Skinner Sprinkler with Greenhouse nozzles fixed in sets of three in a pipe fifteen feet long, watering a lawn 16 to 18 feet square at the one operation. The water is spread evenly and the Lawn is watered all over alike right to the corners. The spray is so fine that the ground is not caked and the flower borders are not drowned out. This does away with the holding of the hose. Two or three Lawn Mists may be coupled together if required for a large lawn. Price £3/17/6.

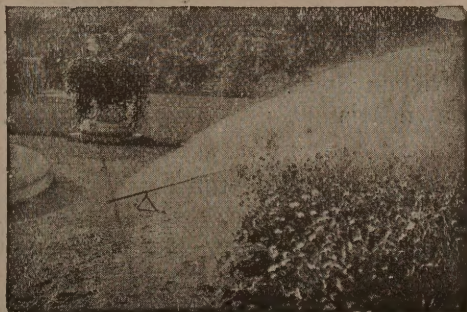
BORDER SPRINKLER.

The Border Sprinkler has a single row of nozzles in a pipe 15 feet long, mounted like the Peacock and Lawn Mist on a pair of wheels and a stand. The pipe will turn over so that a flower border on either side of a footpath may be watered without moving the pipe. The Border Sprinkler works with less pressure than any of the other types of Skinner Sprinklers and is suitable for use with windmill tanks or other low pressure supplies. Price £3/7/6.

SPECIAL SPRINKLERS MADE UP TO ORDER.

The border sprinkler may be wheeled from one standpipe to another and the whole garden watered with a few moves.

All portable sprinklers are fitted with our special swivel joint to fit ordinary hose connection or any other connection necessary may be made.





Skinner System of Irrigation

PRICE LIST

Subject to Alterations without
notice

Skinner Outdoor Nozzles, per dozen	0	6	0
Skinner Greenhouse Nozzles, per dozen	0	10	0
Skinner Union Tee, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. and 1in., each	1	2	6
Skinner Union Tee, $1\frac{1}{4}$ in., each	1	7	6
Skinner Union Tee, $1\frac{1}{2}$ in., each	1	10	0
Skinner Supports, each	0	2	3
Wire Supports, each	0	0	6
Brass Quick-acting Coupling, $\frac{3}{4}$ in.	0	7	6
Brass Quick-acting Coupling, 1in.	0	10	6
Brass Quick-acting Coupling, $1\frac{1}{4}$	0	13	6
Brass Quick-acting Coupling, $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.	0	18	6
Skinner Flushing Valve, $\frac{3}{4}$ in.	0	5	0
Skinner Drilling Machines, each	5	5	0
Skinner Tap Drills	0	2	6
Skinner Single Line Automatic Turner, each	5	0	0
Skinner Hydraulic Oscillator, each	20	0	0

PORTABLE SPRINKLERS.

Border Sprinkler, 16ft.	3	7	6
Peacock Sprinkler, 12ft.	4	17	6
Peacock Special 18ft.	6	0	0
Lawn Mist 15ft.	3	17	6

READY TO FIX

Cottage Vegetable Line, 50 ft.	4	2	6
Farm Garden Line, 100ft.	7	2	6
Bush-house Line, 2/- per foot, minimum 20/-.			

At present prices for pipe we can quote for lengths above 50 feet at $1\frac{1}{7}$ per foot, 75 feet at $1\frac{1}{5}$, over 100 feet at $1\frac{1}{3}$, all prices on rail ready to fix without posts. Taps and standpipes extra.



RUMSEY'S

NEW ONIONS

The SOUTHPORT GLOBE ONIONS are famous in America as the highest development in market onions. They are true globe shape, uniform, thin necked, and produce large crops of good keeping onions. The flavour is mild, and from their handsome appearance they sell well anywhere.

PRICE, 6d. per packet.

SOUTHPORT GLOBE ONIONS

**SOUTHPORT
YELLOW GLOBE**

**SOUTHPORT
WHITE GLOBE**

**SOUTHPORT
RED GLOBE**

**HERBERT J-
— RUMSEY**

**SEED AND PLANT
MERCHANT
ADDERTON ROAD
DUNDAS N.S.W**

RUMSEY'S CHOICE ASTER

DAYBREAK
BLUEBIRD

CREGO
SHELL
PINK

KING
WHITE

BURPEE'S
AMERICAN
BEAUTY

BURPEE'S
PURPLE
BEAUTY

